2007 MICHIGAN 1040 Individual Income Tax

Forms and Instructions

Filing Due Date: April 15, 2008

Jennifer M. Granholm, Governor Robert J. Kleine, State Treasurer



What's Inside

MI-1040

Michigan Individual Income Tax Return

Schedule W

Michigan Withholding Tax Schedule

Schedule 1

Michigan Additions and Subtractions

Schedule 2

Michigan Nonrefundable Credits

MI-1040CR

Michigan Homestead Property Tax Credit Claim

Schedule NR

Michigan Nonresident and Part-year Resident Schedule

Schedule CT

Michigan College Tuition and Fees Credit

Index

For a complete list of topics see page 47.

Make it easy on yourself ...

- File your return electronically.
- Almost two-thirds of all Michigan taxpayers already do!
- Tax preparers who complete 200 or more Michigan income tax returns are required to e-file all eligible returns that are supported by their software.
- Free e-file is available. Do you qualify?



To learn more, go to www.Mlfastfile.org

Visit Treasury's Web Site at www.michigan.gov/taxes

This booklet is a guide to help you complete your return; it does not take the place of the law.

Help With Your Taxes

The Michigan Department of Treasury offers a variety of services designed to assist you, and most are available 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

IMPORTANT: To obtain information about your account using the following Internet and Telephone Options, you will need the following information from your return:

- Social Security number of the primary filer (filer listed first on the return)
- Tax year of the return
- · Adjusted gross income or household income
- Filing status (single, married joint, married separate).

INTERNET OPTIONS

www.michigan.gov/incometax

Find the following information on this Web site:

- Current year forms and instructions
- Answers to many tax preparation questions
- Most commonly used tax forms
- · Free assistance in preparing your return
- Other tax time resources.

www.michigan.gov/iit

This secure Web site was designed specifically to protect your personal tax information. Use this Web site to:

- Check the status of your return
- Check estimated payments you made during the year
- Check the status of letters you have sent to Treasury

- Change your address
- Ask a specific question about your account.

TELEPHONE OPTIONS

1-800-827-4000 Automated Information Service

With Treasury's automated phone system, you can:

- · Request the status of your refund
- · Request information on estimated payments
- Order current tax year forms.

Tele-Help: For prerecorded information about income tax and tax credit topics, dial 1-800-827-4000 and press option "1." See below for a complete list of topics.

While most questions can be answered by the Automated Information Service, you may speak with one of our customer service representatives from 8:00 a.m. to 4:45 p.m., Monday through Friday, by calling 1-800-827-4000.

Telephone help is available using TTY equipment by calling (517) 636-4999. Printed material in an alternate format may be obtained by calling 1-800-827-4000, press options 1, 4, and 223.

FORMS

Find tax forms using the Internet and Telephone Options listed on this page. Commonly used forms are also available at Treasury offices (see back cover) and most public libraries, Northern Michigan post offices, Michigan Secretary of State branch offices and Department of Human Services (DHS) branch offices.

Tele-Help Code Numbers and Topics Tax Information at Your Fingertips! Call 1-800-827-4000

General Tax Information

- 112 Address changes
- 151 Deceased taxpayers
- 192 Direct Deposit; routing transit number
- 171 Electronic filing
- 181 Home electronic filing
- 421 Internal Revenue Service, contact information
- 101 Penalty and interest calculation
- 411 Principal Residence Exemption Affidavit (formerly Homestead Exemption)
- 131 Refund offsets
- 161 Repayments of income reported in a prior year (Claim of Right)
- 121 Requesting a copy of your return
- 125 Requirements for dependents, minors and students
- 127 Residency
- 191 Tax due, penalty and interest
- 111 Where to go for help
- 141 Who must file an income tax return; how to file

MI-1040

- 231 Additions and subtractions from income
- 211 Amended returns Form MI-1040X
- 241 Capital gains and losses
- 242 Charitable distribution subtraction
- 204 Children of Veterans Tuition Grant Program
- 234 Children's Trust Fund
- 292 College Tuition and Fees Credit
- 261 Community Foundations Credit
- 205 Contributions to IRAs
- 271 Deferred compensation
- 272 Disabled
- 203 Distributions from IRAs
- 221 Estimated tax payments
- 267 Extensions, general
- 193 Extensions, military serving in combat zone
- 281 Homeless Shelter/Food Bank Credit
- 273 Michigan Form 1099-G
- 232 Michigan Education Savings Program
- 243 Military Family Relief Fund

- 233 Military income
- 212 Prior year returns
- 251 Public Contributions Credit
- 293 Renaissance Zones
- 294 Resident/nonresident income
- 295 Roth IRA
- 202 Schedule W, Withholding Tax
- 296 Stillbirth Credit
- 262 Tax Deferred Retirement Plan
- 268 Tax status of U.S. obligations
- 201 Use tax

Credit Information

- 301 Farmland Preservation Credit
- 351 Household income/adjusted gross income, difference
- 331 Home Heating Credit
- 311 Homestead Property Tax Credit
- 341 Long-term care
- 321 Special situations for property tax credits
- 210 Vehicle Donation Credit
- 229 Venture Capital Deduction

Important News for 2007

Use Tax

You owe use tax for mail order and Internet purchases made from out-of-state sellers as well as purchases while traveling in foreign countries. You may pay use tax that you owe for the 2007 tax year on your 2007 MI-1040, line 24. See page 9 for more information on use tax.

Increase in Tax Rate, Exemption Allowances and Pension and Interest Deductions

Effective October 1, 2007, the income tax rate increased from 3.9 percent to 4.35 percent. This equates to an annualized rate of 4.01 percent for tax year 2007 reporting.

For tax year 2007, the personal exemption allowance increased to \$3,400 and the special exemptions increased to \$2,200. See page 10 for more information.

For tax year 2007, pension benefits included in adjusted gross income (AGI) from a private pension system or an Individual Retirement Account (IRA) are deductible to a maximum of \$42,240 for a single filer or \$84,480 for joint filers.

Senior citizens age 65 or older may be able to deduct part of their interest, dividends and capital gains that are included in AGI. For 2007, the deduction is limited to a maximum of \$9,420 for single filers and \$18,840 for joint filers. See Schedule 1 instructions beginning on page 12 for further details regarding pension benefits and senior citizen interest deductions.

Nonrefundable Credits

Beginning with tax year 2007, nonrefundable credits were moved from page 2 of Form MI-1040 to a new Schedule 2 (on the back of Schedule 1).

Filing Extension Granted for Military Personnel Serving in a Combat Zone

United States military personnel serving in a combat zone on April 15, 2008, will be given 180 days after leaving the combat zone to file their federal and state tax returns and will be exempt from penalties and interest. Servicemen and women serving in combat zones will simply need to print "Combat Zone" in ink on the top of page 1 of their return. Visit Treasury's Web site at www.michigan.gov/taxes for more information.

New Venture Capital Investment Deduction

A new deduction is available for capital gains from Michigan venture capital investments that are reinvested in a new Michigan venture capital investment. See instructions on Form 4534.

Appeals of Adjusted Refunds or Credits

Taxpayers have 60 days from the issuance of refund denials, refund adjustments, or Treasury decisions (other than final assessment), that may be appealed under Section 22 of the Revenue Act, to request informal conferences.

Changes to Income Tax Forms

Many of the 2007 Michigan tax returns, schedules and credit forms have been redesigned to allow for easier completion and processing. Please read "How to Complete and File Paper Returns" on page 5 before completing your form to ensure that your return can be processed quickly and accurately.

Choose e-file Instead of Paper Returns Get Your Refund Fast!

E-filing eliminates many of the errors that lengthen processing times. Tax preparers who complete more than 200 income tax returns are required to e-file all eligible returns. Visit Treasury's Web site at **www.MIfastfile.org** to find an authorized e-file provider near you, a list of resources offering this service and information on free e-file services.

Easy to Use Direct Deposit

Direct Deposit your Michigan income tax refund by completing the account information on Form MI-1040 (bottom of page 1) or Form MI-1040CR (bottom of page 2). Your refund is deposited safely into your account at the financial institution of your choice and is immediately available. See page 11.

Renaissance Zones

Certain Renaissance Zones, along with the tax benefits, will continue to phase out. See instructions for Schedule 1, line 15, on page 14.

Customer Self Service

Visit Treasury's Web site at **www.michigan.gov/iit** to access Treasury's online Customer Self Service. See page 2 for available service options.

Property Tax Credits/Refunds A reminder from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS)

Michigan homestead property tax credit and homestead exemption refunds received in 2007 may be taxable on your 2007 U.S. 1040. If you claimed an itemized deduction for property taxes on your 2006 U.S. 1040 and then received a refund in 2007 from the State or your local unit of government for a portion of those taxes, you must include that refund as income on your 2007 U.S. 1040. If you have questions about the taxability (for federal tax purposes) of the refunds, call the IRS at 1-800-829-1040.

What You Should Know About Your Michigan Form 1099-G

If you itemized deductions on your 2006 federal income tax return and received a Michigan tax refund in 2007, you will be mailed a 2007 Michigan 1099-G form in early 2008 that shows the amount of your 2006 refund that was issued in 2007. The refund amount will include any amounts credited forward to 2007 estimated tax, prior year refunds issued in 2007, refund amounts intercepted for back tax assessments or other debts (such as child support or court ordered garnishments) and any portion of a refund assigned to pay use tax. The refund amount will not include homestead property tax credits, adoption credits or other refundable tax credits claimed on the MI-1040. **FORM 1099-G IS NOT A BILL.** Visit Treasury's Web site at **www.michigan.gov/taxes** for more information about your Michigan 1099-G.

A Note About Debts

By law, any money you owe to the State and other agencies must be deducted from your refund or credit before it is issued. Debts include: money you owe for past-due taxes, student loans, child support due the Friend of the Court, an IRS levy, money due a State agency, a court-ordered garnishment or other court orders. Taxpayers who are married, filing jointly, may receive an *Income Allocation to Non-Obligated Spouse* (Form 743) after the return is filed. Completing and filing this form may limit the portion of the refund that can be applied to a debt. If Treasury applies all or part of your refund to any of these debts, you will receive a letter of explanation.

Adjusted Gross Income (AGI)

Throughout this booklet, we refer to adjusted gross income as AGI. Copy your AGI directly from your U.S. *1040* line 37, or U.S. *1040A*, line 21.

Who Must File a Return

File a return if you owe tax, are due a refund or your AGI exceeds your exemption allowance. You should also file a Michigan return if you file a federal return, even if you do **not** owe Michigan tax. This will eliminate unnecessary correspondence from Treasury.

- If your parents (or someone else) can claim you as a dependent on their return and your AGI is \$1,500 or less if single or married filing separately, you do not need to file a return unless you are claiming a refund of withholding.
- If single or married filing separately and your AGI is over \$1,500 or if married filing jointly and your AGI is over \$3,000, you must file a return. See instructions on page 10.

Important: If your income subject to tax (line 14) is less than your personal exemption allowance (line 15) and Michigan income tax was withheld from your earnings, you must file a return to claim a refund of the tax withheld.

Who Must File a Joint Return

File a joint Michigan return if you filed a joint federal return. If you filed separate federal returns, you may file separate or joint Michigan returns. You may file a joint return only with your spouse.

When to File Your Return

Always complete your federal tax return before your Michigan return. You may file a Michigan return even if you are not required to file a federal return.

Your return must be postmarked no later than April 15, 2008, to be considered timely. Payment must be included with your return.

Make your check payable to "State of Michigan" and write your Social Security number(s) and "2007 income tax" on the front of the check. To avoid penalty and interest, if you owe tax, postmark no later than April 15, 2008.

If you cannot file before the due date and you owe tax, you may file an *Application for Extension of Time to File Michigan Tax Returns* (Form 4) with your payment. See page 6.

If you are due a refund, you must file a return within four years of the due date to obtain the refund.

Keep a copy of your return and all supporting schedules for six years.

Penalty and Interest Added for Filing and Paying Late

If you file and pay late, Treasury will add a penalty of five percent of the tax due. After the second month, penalty will increase by an additional five percent per month, or fraction thereof, up to a maximum of 25 percent of the tax due. If you pay late, you must add penalty and interest to the amount due. The interest rate through June 30, 2008, is 9.2 percent. For interest rates after June 30, 2008, visit Treasury's Web site at **www.michigan.gov/taxes** or call 1-800-827-4000.

How to Complete and File Paper Returns

Completing Your Forms

Treasury uses scanning equipment to capture the information from paper income tax returns. To avoid unnecessary delays caused by manual processing, follow the guidelines below so your return is processed quickly and accurately.

- **USE BLACK OR BLUE INK.** Do not use pencil, red ink or felt tip pens. Do not highlight information.
- PRINT USING CAPITAL LETTERS (UPPER-CASE).
 Capital letters are easier to recognize.
- PRINT NUMBERS LIKE THIS: 0/23456789 Do **not** put a slash through the zero (\$\mathcal{P}\$) or seven (\$\mathcal{T}\$).
- LEAVE LINES/BOXES BLANK if they do not apply to you or if the amount is zero (unless otherwise directed).
- DO NOT WRITE EXTRA NUMBERS, SYMBOLS OR NOTES on your return, such as cents, dashes, decimal points or dollar signs. Enclose any explanations on a separate sheet unless you are instructed to write explanations on your return.
- STAY WITHIN THE LINES when entering information in boxes.
- **USE WHOLE DOLLARS**. Round down amounts less than 50 cents. Round up amounts of 50 cents through 99 cents. Do not enter cents. For example: 129.49 becomes 129, and 129.50 becomes 130.

When You Have Finished

If the preparer is someone other than the taxpayer, he or she must enter the business name and address of the firm he or she represents, and Preparer Tax Identification Number (PTIN), Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) or Social Security number (SSN). Check the box to indicate if Treasury may discuss your claim with your preparer.

Assemble your returns and attachments and staple in the upper-left corner. (Do not staple your check to your return.) If an *Individual Income Tax Barcode Datasheet* (Form 4220) is part of your filing, it must be the first item in the sequence followed by Form MI-1040. A sequence number is printed in the upper-right corner of the following Michigan forms to help you assemble them in the correct order behind your MI-1040 form:

- Schedule 1 and Schedule 2
- Nonresident and Part-year Resident (Schedule NR)
- Farmland Credit (MI-1040CR-5)
- Schedule CR-5
- Property Tax Credit (MI-1040CR or MI-1040CR-2)
- College Tuition Credit (Schedule CT)
- Federal schedules (see Table 2, page 12)
- Schedule of Apportionment (MI-1040H)
- Qualified Adoption Expenses (MI-8839)

- Underpayment of Estimated Income Tax (MI-2210)
- Schedule of Withholding (Schedule W)
- Adjustments of Capital Gains and Losses (MI-1040D)
- Adjustments of Gains and Losses From Sales of Business Property (MI-4797)
- Venture Capital Deduction (4534)

If you are also filing a Home Heating Credit Claim (Form MI-1040CR-7) do **not** staple it to your return; fold it and leave it loose in the envelope.

Important Reminder: If you do not include all the required attachments with your return, your refund may be reduced, denied or delayed. Send original forms. Do not send photocopies.

Do not staple multiple prior year returns together.

Mailing Labels

Review the label on the back cover of this booklet. If your name and address are correct and your filing status is the same as last year (single, married filing jointly or married filing separately), place the label on the top of page 1 of your tax return. It is important that you place your label in the space provided.

If the information on your label is not correct, do not use the label. Enter the correct information on your return.

Where to Mail Your Return

Mail **refund**, **credit or zero due** returns to:

Michigan Department of Treasury Lansing, MI 48956

If you **owe tax**, mail your return to:

Michigan Department of Treasury Lansing, MI 48929

Make check payable to "State of Michigan" and print your Social Security number and "2007 income tax" on the front of your check. To ensure accurate processing of your return, send one check for each return type. Do not staple your check to your return.

Do not mail your 2007 return in the same envelope with a return for years prior to 2007; mail your 2007 return in a separate envelope.

E-file and Leave the Paper Behind!



- Accurate
- · Quick Refunds
- Proof of Acceptance
- May Be Free do you qualify?

www.Mlfastfile.org

Special Situations

Extensions

To request more time to file your Michigan tax return, send a payment of your estimated tax to Treasury with a copy of your approved federal extension (U.S. 4868) on or before the original due date of your return. Treasury will extend the due date to your new federal due date. If you do not have a federal extension, file an Application for Extension of Time to File Michigan Tax Returns (Form 4) with your payment. Treasury will not notify you of approval. Do not file an extension if you will be claiming a refund.

An extension of time to file is NOT an extension of time to pay. If you do not pay enough with your extension request, you must pay interest on the unpaid amount. Compute interest from the original due date of the return. Interest is 1 percent above the prime rate and is adjusted on July 1 and January 1.

You may be charged a penalty of 10 percent or more if the balance due is not paid with your extension request.

When you file your MI-1040 return, include on line 31 the amount of tax you paid with your extension request. Attach a copy of your federal or State extension to your return.

Note: If you requested and received an e-filed federal extension, you must attach your paper U.S. 4868 form to the MI-1040. If you e-filed your MI-1040 return and you e-filed your federal extension, you must send us a completed paper U.S. 4868 form.

2008 Estimated Payments

Usually, you must make estimated income tax payments if you expect to owe more than \$500 when you file your 2008 MI-1040. This is after crediting your property tax and farmland preservation credits and amounts you paid through withholding.

Common income sources which make estimated payments necessary are self-employment income, salary and wages if you do not have enough tax withheld, tips, lump sum payments, unemployment benefits, dividend and interest income, income from the sale of property (capital gains) and rental income.

You may ask your employer to increase your withholding to cover the taxes on other types of income.

Estimated payments are due April 15, 2008; June 16, 2008; September 15, 2008; and January 15, 2009. If you are a fiscal-year filer, the due dates are the same as your federal estimated payment due dates.

If you filed estimates for 2007, Treasury will send you personalized forms for 2008. Otherwise, request *Michigan Estimated Income Tax for Individuals* (Form MI-1040ES) (see page 2).

Exceptions: If you owe more than \$500, you may not have to make estimated payments if you expect your 2008 withholding and credits to be at least:

- 90 percent of your total 2008 tax, or
- 100 percent of your total 2007 tax.

Total 2007 tax is the amount on your 2007 MI-1040, line 20, less the amount on lines 26, 27, 28 and 29.

Note: 2008 estimates for taxpayers with 2007 AGI of \$150,000 or more for joint or single filers (\$75,000 or more for married filing separate) must equal 90 percent of the current year's liability or 110 percent of the previous year's liability.

Farmers, fishermen or seafarers may have to pay estimates, but have different filing options. If at least two-thirds of your gross income is from farming, fishing or seafaring, you may:

- Delay paying your first 2008 quarterly installment (with Form MI-1040ES) until as late as January 15, 2009, and pay the entire amount of your 2008 estimated tax due. **or**
- File your 2008 MI-1040 return and pay the entire amount of tax due on or before March 2, 2009.

You are considered a farmer or fisherman if you file U.S. *Schedule F* or *Schedule C*. Wages earned as a farm employee or from a corporate farm do **not** qualify you for this exception. You are considered a seafarer if your wages are exempt from income tax withholding under Title 46, Shipping, USC, Sec. 11108.

Failure to make payments or underpayment of estimates. If you fail to make required estimated payments, pay late or underpay in any quarter, Treasury may charge penalty and interest. Penalty

is 25 percent of the tax due (with a minimum of \$25) for failing to file estimate payments or 10 percent (with a minimum of \$10) for failing to pay enough with your estimates. Interest is one percent above the prime rate and is computed monthly. The rate is adjusted on July 1 and January 1.

Residency

Resident. You are a Michigan resident if Michigan is your permanent home. Your permanent home is the place you intend to return to whenever you go away. A temporary absence from Michigan, such as spending the winter in a southern state, does **not** make you a part-year resident.

Income earned by a Michigan resident in a nonreciprocal (see "Reciprocal States" on page 7) state or Canadian province is taxed by Michigan, and may also be taxed by the other jurisdiction. If you pay tax to both, you can claim a credit on your Michigan return. See instructions for line 5 of Schedule 2 and the example on page 16

Part-year resident. You are a part-year resident if, during the year, you move your permanent home into or out of Michigan. You must pay Michigan income tax on income you earned, received or accrued while living in Michigan.

Use *Michigan Nonresident and Part-year Resident Schedule* (Schedule NR) and the following guidelines to help you figure your tax:

- Allocate your income from the date you moved into or out of Michigan
- Bonus pay, severance pay, deferred income and any other amount accrued while a Michigan resident are subject to Michigan tax no matter where you lived when you received it
- Deferred compensation reported to you on form 1099-R and dividend and interest income are allocated to the state of residence when received
- Part-year residents who lived in Michigan at least six months of the tax year may qualify for a homestead property tax credit (see page 19).

Nonresident. Use Schedule NR to figure your Michigan taxable income. You must pay Michigan income tax on the following types of income:

- Salary, wages and other employee compensation for work performed in Michigan, unless you live in a state covered by a reciprocal agreement (see "Reciprocal States" below)
- Net rents and royalties from real and tangible personal property in Michigan
- Capital gains from the sale or exchange of real property located in Michigan, or of tangible personal property located in Michigan
- Patent or copyright royalties if the patent or copyright is used in Michigan or if you have a commercial domicile in Michigan
- Income (including dividend and interest income) from an S corporation, partnership or an unincorporated business or other business activity in Michigan
- · Lottery winnings
- Prizes won from casinos or licensed horse tracks located in Michigan. Nonresidents from reciprocal states must also declare these prizes as taxable.

Reciprocal States

Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Minnesota, Ohio and Wisconsin have reciprocal agreements with Michigan. Michigan residents pay only Michigan income tax on their salaries and wages earned in any of these states. A Michigan resident can file a withholding form with an employer in a reciprocal state to claim exemption from that state's income tax withholding. The out-of-state income might make Michigan income tax estimate payments necessary. Residents of reciprocal states working in Michigan do not have to pay Michigan tax on salaries or wages earned in Michigan but do have to pay Michigan tax on business income earned from business activity in Michigan. A resident of a reciprocal state who claims a refund of Michigan withholding tax must file a Schedule NR.

Deceased Taxpayers

A personal representative for the estate of a taxpayer who died in 2007 (or 2008 before filing a 2007 return) must file if the taxpayer owes tax or is due a refund. A full-year exemption is allowed for a deceased taxpayer on the 2007 MI-1040. Use the deceased's Social Security number and **your** address. If the taxpayer died after December 31, 2006, check the

appropriate box(es) in the "Deceased Taxpayers" section on the bottom of page 2 on form MI-1040.

The **surviving spouse** may file a joint return for 2007. Write your name and the deceased's name and both Social Security numbers on Form MI-1040. Write "DECD" after the deceased's last name. You must report the deceased's income. Sign the return. In the deceased's signature block, write "Filing as surviving spouse." If the taxpayer died after December 31, 2006, check the appropriate box(es) on page 2 of the MI-1040 form. See "Deceased Taxpayer Chart of Examples" on page 43, example A

If filing as a personal representative or claimant and you are claiming a refund for a single deceased taxpayer, you must attach a Statement of Person Claiming Refund Due a Deceased Taxpayer (U.S. 1310) or Michigan Claim for Refund Due a Deceased Taxpayer (Form MI-1310). Enter the deceased's name in the Filer's Name field and the representative's or claimant's name in the Spouse's Name field. See "Deceased Taxpayer Chart of Examples" on page 43, examples B or C. If filing as a personal representative or claimant of a deceased taxpayer(s) for a

claimant of a deceased taxpayer(s) for a jointly filed return, you must attach a Statement of Person Claiming Refund Due Deceased Taxpayer (U.S.1310) or Michigan Claim for a Refund Due a Deceased Taxpayer (Form MI-1310). Enter the names of the deceased persons in the Filer's and Spouse's Name fields and the representative's or claimant's name, title and address in the Home Address field. See "Deceased Taxpayer Chart of Examples" on page 43, examples D or E.

For information about filing a credit claim, see "Deceased Claimant's Credit" on page 19.

Amended Returns

If you need to make a correction to your return, file an *Amended Michigan Individual Income Tax Return* (Form MI-1040X). If you are due a refund on your amended return, you must file it within four years of the due date of the original return.

If a change on your federal return affects Michigan taxable income, you must file Form MI-1040X within 120 days of the change. Include payment of any tax and interest due.

You can amend a homestead property tax credit claim by filing a revised claim form clearly marked "Amended."

Net Operating Losses (NOL)

If you have a federal NOL deduction, you must add back the federal deduction on your Michigan Schedule 1, line 5, to the extent included in federal AGI. A subtraction for a Michigan NOL deduction may be claimed on Schedule 1, line 20, and is calculated on page 1 of Application for Michigan Net Operating Loss Refund (Form MI-1045). Compute your Michigan NOL and Michigan NOL deduction by completing the Form MI-1045. File Form MI-1045 to claim a refund for a carryback deduction. Returns for tax years affected by carryforward deductions must have Form MI-1045 attached to substantiate the deduction.

Repayments of Income Reported in a Prior Year

If you had to repay an amount of money in 2007 which you claimed as income in a previous year (e.g., unemployment benefits), you may be entitled to a credit on your 2007 return for the tax paid in an earlier year.

If the subtraction of repayment was included in arriving at AGI, no additional credit is allowed on the Michigan return because your income for the year has been reduced by the repayment amount. If the amount of the repayment was deducted on U.S. *Schedule A* or a credit was claimed on U.S. *1040*, line 70, a credit will be allowed on the Michigan return.

To compute your Michigan credit, multiply the amount you repaid in 2007 by the tax rate which was in effect the year you paid the tax. Then add the amount of the credit to the Michigan tax withheld on Form MI-1040, line 30. Write "Claim of Right/Repayment" next to line 30.

Attach a schedule showing the computation of the Michigan credit, proof of the repayment and the portion of your federal return showing the deduction or credit claimed.

Summary of Income Tax Credits, Additions and Subtractions

Below is a summary of income tax credits, additions and subtractions available to taxpayers. Detailed information for each is provided on the page number indicated below.

CREDITS	Amount paid by MET to repay the portion of certain defaulted loans (6)
The following refundable credits may be claimed on your MI-1040. The line reference follows the credit listed below.	SUBTRACTIONS
Refundable Credits Page No.	The following subtractions are claimed on your Michigan
Homestead Property Tax Credit (26)11	Schedule 1; total subtractions are carried forward to the MI-1040,
Farmland Preservation Tax Credit (27)11	line 13. The Schedule 1 line reference follows the subtraction listed below.
Qualified Adoption expenses (28)11	Page No.
Stillbirth Credit (29)11	Income from U.S. government obligations
The following nonrefundable credits may be claimed on your	(Series EE Bonds, Treasury notes, etc.) (8)
Schedule 2. The line reference follows the credit listed below.	Compensation received for active duty in
Schedule 2 - Nonrefundable Credits	U.S. Armed Forces (9)
City Income Tax Credit (1)15	Gains from federal column of Michigan
Public Contribution Credit (2)	MI-1040D and MI-4797 (10)
Community Foundations Credit (3)	
Homeless Shelter/Food Bank Credit (4)16	Qualifying retirement and pension benefits (12)
Taxes paid to government units outside Michigan (5)16	Taxable Social Security and Tier 1 railroad benefits (14) 14
Historic Preservation Tax Credit (6)16	Renaissance zone deduction (15)
College Tuition and Fees Credit (7)16	Michigan state and city income tax refunds and
Vehicle Donation Credit (8)16	homestead property tax credit refunds (16)14
The following credit is claimed on the MI-1040CR-7 Home Heating Credit Claim form.	Contributions made to accounts established through the Michigan Education Savings Program (MESP) (17)14
Home Heating Credit See MI-1040CR-7 Instruction Booklet	Contract price for a Michigan Education Trust (MET) contract (18)
ADDITIONS	Venture Capital Deduction (19)14
The following additions are claimed on your Michigan Schedule 1; total additions are carried forward to the MI-1040, line 11. The	Contributions to national or Michigan political parties or candidates (20)
Schedule 1 line reference follows the addition listed below. Page No.	Benefits from a discriminatory self-insured medical expense reimbursement plan (20)14
Gross interest, dividends and income from obligations or	Proceeds and prizes won in a Michigan
securities of states and their political subdivisions other	regulated bingo, raffle or charity games (20)14
than Michigan (1)	Salary and wage expense that cannot be deducted on your
Deduction taken on your federal return for self-employment tax or other taxes on or measured by income (2)	federal return because you are claiming a work opportunity credit, clinical testing (orphan drug) credit or research credit (20)
Capital gains from the Michigan column of the MI-1040D	Losses from disposal of property (20)
or MI-4797 (3)	Amount used to determine the credit for elderly
Certain losses from a business or property located in another state (4)	or totally and permanently disabled (20)15
Net loss from the federal column of your Michigan	Michigan net operating loss deduction (20)15
MI-1040D, line 15, or MI-4797, line 18b (5)	Gross income included in AGI from Michigan gas and
Money withdrawn in the tax year from an MESP account	oil royalty interest or working interest (20)15
if the withdrawal was not a qualified withdrawal as provided in the MESP Act (6)	Distributions from individual retirement accounts used
Net operating loss deduction used to reduce AGI (6)	to pay qualified higher education expenses (20)
	1101000000 1101111 payments (20)

Distribution from a pension or retirement plan that is

contributed to a qualifying charitable organization (20) 15

Use Tax

You owe use tax for mail order and Internet purchases made from out-of-state sellers as well as purchases while traveling in foreign countries. Use tax must be paid on the total price (including shipping and handling charges).

Every state that has a sales tax has a companion tax for purchases made outside that state, by catalog or over the Internet. In Michigan, that companion tax is called the "use tax," but might be described more accurately as a remote sales tax because it is a 6 percent tax owed on purchases made outside of Michigan.

How to Pay Use Tax

Pay use tax on your MI-1040. Use Worksheet 1 to calculate your tax and enter the amount of tax due on line 24.

Worksheet Calculation

Line 1: For purchases of \$0-\$1,000, if you know the amount, multiply your total purchases times 6 percent (.06) and enter the amount on Line 1, **or**

For purchases under \$1,000, if you have incomplete or inaccurate receipts to

calculate your purchases, you may use Table 1 - Use Tax to estimate your taxes. (See the example.)

Line 1 should contain a number unless you made no purchases under \$1,000 subject to the use tax. If we later determine that you owe use tax, you may be subject to penalty and interest.

Line 2: In all cases, if a single purchase is \$1,000 or more, you must pay 6 percent use tax on those purchases.

Example: Kurt ordered a computer from a catalog retailer in New York for \$1,437.50. Kurt also purchased items over the Internet for less than \$1,000 during the year, but lost his receipts. He is sure he did not pay Michigan sales tax. Kurt's AGI is \$46,500. Kurt would complete Worksheet 1 as follows:

Line 1: Kurt selects \$23 from the table based on his AGI \$23.00

Line 2: Kurt enters \$1,437.50 x 6 percent <u>\$86.25</u>

Line 3: Total use tax due..... \$109.25

Kurt would enter \$109 (no cents) on his 2007 MI-1040, line 24.

<u>AGI</u> *	<u>Tax</u>
\$0-\$10,000	\$3
\$10,001-\$20,000	\$8
\$20,001-\$30,000	\$13
\$30,001-\$40,000	\$18
\$40,001-\$50,000	\$23
\$50,001-\$75,000	\$31
\$75,001-\$100,000	\$44
Above \$100,000 Multiply AG	I by
0.05% (.00	005)

TABLE 1 - USE TAX

* AGI from MI-1040, line 10

Using **Table 1 - Use Tax** to estimate your taxes does not preclude Treasury from auditing your account. If additional tax is due, you may receive an assessment for the amount of the tax owed, plus applicable penalty and interest.

Use Tax on the Difference

If you paid at least 6 percent to another state on your purchase, you do not owe use tax to Michigan. If you paid less than 6 percent, you owe the difference. Note: The full 6 percent use tax is owed on purchases made in a foreign country.

For more information, see www.michigan.gov/taxes.

WORKSHEET 1 - USE TAX

Line 2: Single purchases \$1,000 or more x 6 percent (.06) \$_____

Line 3: Total Use Tax Due (total of Lines 1 and 2)......\$

Enter amount from Line 3 above on your 2007 MI-1040, Line 24. If the amount on Line 3 is 0, enter 0 on your 2007 MI-1040, Line 24.

Line-by-Line Instructions for Form MI-1040

Lines not listed are explained on the form.

Line 1: Only married filers may file joint returns. Include name and address unless you use the label supplied with your instruction booklet.

Lines 2 and 3: Write your Social Security number(s) here even if you use a label.

Line 5: State Campaign Fund. These funds are disbursed only to candidates for governor, regardless of political party, who agree to limit campaign spending and meet the campaign fund requirements. Choosing "Yes" will not raise your tax or reduce your refund.

Line 6: Only farmers, fishermen and seafarers should check this box. (For estimate filing information, see page 6.)

Line 7: Filing Status. Check the box to identify your filing status. If you file a joint federal return, you must file a joint Michigan return and you cannot be claimed as a dependent on another person's tax return. Married couples who file separate federal returns may file a separate or joint Michigan return. If you are claiming a homestead property tax credit or other tax credits, it may be easier to file a joint Michigan return because total (joint) household income is the basis for computing these credits. If your status is married filing separately (box c), write your spouse's full name in the space provided and be sure to write his or her Social Security number on line 3. If you filed your federal return as head of household or qualifying widow(er), you must file the Michigan return as single.

Line 8: Residency. Check the box that describes your Michigan residency for 2007. If you and your spouse had a different residency status during the year, check a box for each of you. Both part-year residents and nonresidents must file *Schedule NR*. (For definition of residency, see page 6.)

Line 9: Exemptions. Use this line to compute the exemption amount for your federal exemptions plus your Michigan special exemptions.

a) Enter the number of exemptions you claimed on your U.S. *1040* or *1040A*, line 6d. These exemptions are for you, your spouse (if filing jointly) and your dependents.

Multiply the number of exemptions by your exemption allowance of \$3,400 and enter that amount in the box.

Special exemptions. Complete the lines that apply to you, your spouse or dependents as of December 31, 2007. If your dependent files an annual return, you and your dependent may not both claim the special exemption.

- **b)** Age 65 or older. You are considered age 65 the day before your 65th birthday. If you claim this exemption, you may **not** claim an exemption as totally and permanently disabled.
- c) Deaf, Blind or Disabled. You qualify for this exemption if you are deaf, blind, hemiplegic, paraplegic, quadriplegic or totally and permanently disabled. Deaf means the primary way you receive messages is through a sense other than hearing, for example, lip reading or sign language. Blind means your better eye permanently has 20/200 vision or less with corrective lenses, or your peripheral field of vision is 20 degrees or less. Totally and permanently disabled means disabled as defined under Social Security Guidelines 42 USC 416. If you are age 65 or older, you may not claim an exemption as totally and permanently disabled. You may claim only one exemption per person in this category.
- d) Child 18 and Under. Enter \$600 for each child 18 and under as of December 31, 2007, whom you claim as a dependent.
- e) Unemployment compensation. Check this box if 50 percent or more

- of your combined AGI (MI-1040, line 10) is from unemployment compensation. If you checked the box, enter \$2,200 in the space provided.
- f) If someone else can claim you as a dependent, check the box, complete Worksheet 2 below and enter the amount from the worksheet in the space provided on line 9f.

Line 10: Adjusted Gross Income. Enter your AGI from your federal return. This is the amount from your U.S. 1040, line 37, or U.S. 1040A, line 21. You must attach copies of federal schedules that apply to you (see Table 2 on page 12). For Michigan adjustments to AGI, see Schedule 1, page 31. Instructions for completing Schedule 1 begin on page 12.

Line 17: Tax. Multiply the amount on line 16 by 4.01 percent (.0401). Enter here and on line 18.

Line 19: Nonrefundable Credits. Enter the total amount of nonrefundable credits from Schedule 2, line 9.

Line 21: Military Family Relief Fund. You may contribute to the Military Family Relief Fund by entering your contribution amount (\$1 minimum) here. This fund provides assistance to qualifying families of military members in either the Michigan National Guard who are serving in the U.S. Armed Forces or those reserve forces called to active duty by the federal government. Your contribution will increase your tax due or reduce your refund.

Line 22: Children's Trust Fund. Help Prevent Child Abuse! You may contribute to the Children's Trust Fund

WORKSHEET 2				
FILER ELIGIBLE TO BE CLAIMED AS A DEPENDENT				
Is your AGI (from your federal return) over \$1,500 if single or married filing separately?				
YES. If single or married filing separately, enter "0" on line 9a and \$1,500 on line 9f.				
NO. Then was Michigan income tax withheld from your wages?				
• If YES. Enter "0" on lines 9g and 20, and complete line 10 and lines 21 through 34.				
• If NO. You do not need to file this return.				

by entering your contribution amount (\$5 or more) here. These contributions are returned to local communities in the form of grants to volunteer child abuse prevention councils and competitive grants to direct services preventing child abuse in local areas. Programs and services funded by these monies include respite care, parent education, pregnancy/newborn support services, support groups, local family resource counsels, public education and outreach programs in your local community. Your contribution will increase your tax due or reduce your refund.

Line 23: Children of Veterans Tuition Grant Program. Help send the child of a Michigan veteran to a Michigan college or university! Michigan income taxpayers can voluntarily contribute \$2 or more to the Children of Veterans Tuition Grant Program by entering your contribution amount here. Contributions will be a key source of funding for the undergraduate tuition expenses of children of certain deceased or disabled veterans. Your contribution will increase your tax due or reduce your refund.

Line 24: Use Tax. Enter use tax due on Internet, mail order or other out-of-state purchases from Worksheet 1, line 3, on page 9.

Line 26: Property tax credit information begins on page 17.

Line 27: Farmland preservation credit applies to farmers only. See page 18.

Line 28: Qualified Adoption Expenses. Enter the amount from your *Michigan Qualified Adoption Expenses*(Form MI-8839), line 10. Attach a completed *Qualified Adoption Expenses* (U.S. 8839) and a completed MI-8839.

Line 29: Stillbirth Credit. If you are the mother of a stillborn delivered during 2007 and have been issued a Certificate of Stillbirth from the Michigan Department of Community Health, attach a copy of the certificate to Form MI-1040 and complete Worksheet 3 on this page.

If you do not have a certificate, contact the Michigan Department of Community Health at (517) 335-8666 for an

WORKSHEET 3 - STILLBIRTH CREDIT

- A. Enter number of Certificates of Stillbirth for 2007 (see line 29 instructions below for qualifications)
- B. Multiply line A by \$160. Enter here and carry amount to your MI-1040, line 29

application or information on obtaining the certificate. You should not file for the credit until you have the certificate. You can amend your 2007 return at a later date should you get the certificate after you file the original return.

Line 30: Enter the total Michigan tax withheld (from your Schedule W). If applicable, include any credit for repayments under the "Claim of Right." See "Repayments of Income Reported in a Prior Year" on page 7.

Line 31: Enter the total estimated tax paid with your 2007 Form MI-1040ES, the amount paid with a Form 4 and the amount of your 2006 overpayment applied to this year's tax (2006 MI-1040, line 43).

Line 33: Tax Due. If line 32 is less than line 25, enter the difference. This is the tax you owe with your return.

You will owe penalty and interest for late payment of tax. Penalty accrues monthly at five percent of the tax due, and increases by an additional five percent per month, or fraction thereof, after the second month, up to a maximum of 25 percent of the tax due (e.g. penalty on a \$500 tax due will be \$125 if the tax is unpaid for six months). See "Penalty and Interest Added for Filing and Paying Late" on page 4. Add penalty and interest to your tax due and enter the total on line 33. Generally, if you owe more than \$500, you are required to make estimated payments, see special note below and information about estimated payments on page 6. If the balance due is less than \$1, no payment is required, but you must

still file your return. See "Pay" address on page 2 of your MI-1040 form.

Special note for people required to file estimates. You may owe penalty and interest for underpayment, late payment or for failing to make estimated tax payments. Use the *Underpayment of Estimated Income Tax MI-2210*, to compute penalty and interest. If you do not file an MI-2210, Treasury will compute your penalty and interest and send you a bill. If you annualize your income, you must complete and attach Form MI-2210. Enter the penalty and interest amounts on the lines provided.

Line 36: Your Refund. This includes any tax you overpaid and any credits due you. The State does not refund amounts less than \$1. Mail your return to the "Refund, Credit or Zero Returns" address on page 2 of Form MI-1040 form.

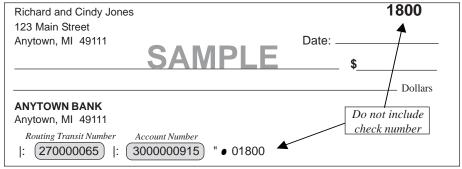
Direct Deposit

First check with your financial institution to:

- Ensure it will accept Direct Deposit;
- Obtain the correct Routing Transit Number and Account Number; and
- If applicable, verify that it will allow a joint refund to be deposited into an individual account.

If we are unable to honor your request for Direct Deposit, we will send you a check

a. Routing Transit Number (RTN). Enter the nine-digit RTN. The RTN is usually found between the symbols |: and |: on the bottom of your check (see sample below).



The first two digits must be 01 through 12 or 21 through 32.

b. Type of Account. Check the box for checking or savings.

c. Account Number. Enter your bank account number up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). The account number is usually found immediately to the right of the RTN on the bottom of your check (see check sample on page 11). Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. Enter the number from left to right and leave unused boxes blank. Do not include the check number.

When You Are Finished

Sign Your Return. Each spouse must sign a joint return. If the preparer is someone other than the taxpayer, he or she must include the name and address of the firm he or she represents and preparer tax identification or federal employer identification number. Check the box to indicate if Treasury may discuss your return with your preparer.

Signing a child's return. If a return is prepared for a child who is too young

to sign it, a parent or guardian should sign the child's name, then add "by (your name) parent (or guardian) for minor child."

Attachments. Attach all your credit claims and required Michigan and federal schedules (see Table 2 below).

If you owe tax. Enclose your payment but do not staple it to the return. Checks stapled to the back of the return may not be seen and may result in improper processing.

The filing deadline to receive a refund for tax year 2007 is April 15, 2012.

TABLE 2 - FEDERAL SCHEDULES

Taxpayers who file any of the following schedules or forms with their federal return must attach a copy to their Michigan income tax return:

Form 8829 Expenses for Business Use of Your Home

Form 8839Qualified Adoption Expenses

The above schedules and forms must report the location of the business activity or the location of any real property involved. Schedules showing rental of personal property must report where the property is being used. If you do not attach these schedules, processing of your return may be delayed or your credit/subtraction may be denied.

Line-by-Line Instructions for Schedule 1

Part-year and nonresidents, complete Schedule NR (see page 39) before proceeding.

Additions to Income

Line 1: Enter gross interest, dividends and income from obligations or securities of states and their political subdivisions other than Michigan. Add this income even if it comes to you through a partnership, S corporation, estate or trust. You may reduce this income by related expenses not allowed as a deduction by Section 265(a)(1) of the IRC.

Line 2: Enter the deduction taken for self-employment tax on your federal return and for other taxes on or measured by income, such as your share of city income tax paid by partnerships or S corporations, or your share of the taxes paid by an estate or trust.

Line 3: Use Michigan Adjustments of Gains and Losses (Form MI-1040D) only if you have capital gains or losses attributable to: (1) an election to use Section 271 treatment for property acquired before October 1, 1967; (2) the sale or exchange of U.S. obligations which cannot be taxed by Michigan; or (3) the sale or exchange of property located in other states.

If you reported gains on U.S. 4797 on property acquired before October 1, 1967, or located in other states, adjust the gain on the *Michigan Adjustments* of Gains and Losses from Sales of Business Property (Form MI-4797).

Enter gains from the Michigan column of Form MI-1040D, line 14, and MI-4797, line 18b(2). Instructions are with each form.

Line 4: Enter losses from a business or property located in another state which you own as a sole proprietor, a partner

in a partnership, a shareholder in an S corporation or as a member of a pass-through entity. If your business is taxed by both Michigan and another state, the loss must be apportioned. Attach a *Schedule of Apportionment* (Form MI-1040H).

Line 5: Enter the net loss from the federal column of your Michigan Form MI-1040D, line 15, or MI-4797, line 18b(1).

Line 6: Enter the total of the following (attach a schedule if necessary):

• Add to the extent not included in AGI the amount of money withdrawn in the tax year from a Michigan Education Savings Program (MESP) account if the withdrawal was not a qualified withdrawal as provided in the MESP Act. You may first exclude any amount that represents a return of contributions for which no deduction was claimed in any prior tax year.

- Amount of NOL deduction (NOL carryforward) used to reduce AGI (see page 7).
- Refund received from a Michigan Education Trust (MET) contract. If you deducted the cost of a MET contract in previous years and received a refund from MET during 2007 because the MET contract was terminated, then enter the smaller of: (1) the refund you received **or** (2) the amount of the original MET contract price (including the application and processing fees) which you deducted in previous years.

If you financed your MET contract with a MET-secured loan, deducted the cost of that contract and then defaulted on the loan, enter the amount paid in 2007 by MET to repay the portion of your defaulted loan.

Subtractions From Income

Note: Part-year and nonresidents subtract only income attributable to Michigan (column B of *Schedule NR*) on all lines except line 11.

Line 8: Enter income from U.S. government obligations (e.g., Series EE bonds, Treasury notes, etc.), including income from U.S. government obligations received through a partnership, S corporation or other pass-through entity. This subtraction must be reduced by related expenses used to arrive at AGI.

Investment companies that invest in U.S. obligations are permitted to pass the tax-free exemption to their shareholders.

If income from U.S. government obligations exceeds \$5,000, attach a copy of your U.S. *Schedule B* or *Schedule I* listing the amounts received and the issuing agency.

Capital gains from the sale of U.S. government obligations must be adjusted on Michigan Form MI-1040D.

Line 9: Enter compensation received for active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces included in AGI. Include military retirement on line 12.

Note: Compensation from the U.S. Public Health Service is **not** considered military pay.

Line 10: Enter the gains from the federal column of your Michigan

Forms MI-1040D, line 14, and MI-4797, line 18b(2). See instructions for Michigan *Schedule 1*, line 3.

Line 11: Income Attributable to Another State. Nonresidents and partyear residents, complete Schedule NR. See instructions on page 40. Attach federal schedules.

Business income that is taxed by Michigan and another state must be apportioned. Complete and attach Form MI-1040H.

Capital gains from the sale of real property or tangible personal property located outside of Michigan must be adjusted on Form MI-1040D.

Michigan residents cannot subtract salaries and wages or other compensation earned outside Michigan. However, they may be entitled to a tax credit for tax imposed by governmental units outside Michigan (see page 16).

Residents may subtract:

- Business income earned in other states and included in AGI, and
- Net rents and royalties from real property or tangible personal property located or used in another state.

Line 12: Qualifying retirement and pension benefits included in your AGI may be subtracted from income. The amount you may subtract depends on the source of the benefit. Qualifying benefits include:

- Pension plans that define eligibility for retirement and set contribution and benefit amounts in advance
- Qualified retirement plans for the self-employed
- Distributions from a 401(k) or 403(b) plan attributable to employer contributions or attributable to employee contributions to the extent they result in matching contributions by the employer
- IRA distributions received after age 59½ or described by Section 72(t)(2)(A)(iv) of the IRC (series of equal periodic payments made for life)
- Benefits from any of the previous plans received due to a disability, or as a surviving spouse if the decedent qualified for the subtraction at the time of death

• Benefits paid to a senior citizen (age 65 or older) from a retirement annuity policy that are paid for life (as opposed to a specified number of years).

You may subtract **all** pension benefits included in AGI and received from the following public sources:

- The State of Michigan
- Michigan local governmental units (e.g., Michigan counties, cities and school districts)
- Tier 2 railroad retirement
- Federal civil service
- Military retirement from the U.S. Armed Forces.

If all retirement and pension benefits were received from public sources, enter the total of all benefits on line 12. If all retirement and pension benefits were received from private sources, enter the smaller of:

- The total of all private pensions included in AGI, or
- \$42,240 if you are a single filer, \$84,480 if you are married and filing jointly.

If you received a combination of public and private retirement and pension benefits, follow these steps to compute your deduction:

Step 1: Add all public retirement benefits included in AGI.

Note: If your public retirement benefits are greater than the maximum amounts (\$42,240 single filer or \$84,480 married filing jointly) you are not entitled to claim a subtraction for private pensions.

Step 2: If you are a single filer, deduct the amount in step 1 from \$42,240. If you are married filing jointly, deduct the amount in step 1 from \$84,480.

Step 3: Add all private pensions included in AGI.

Step 4: Determine which is smaller, the amount computed in step 2 or the amount computed in step 3.

Step 5: Add the amount computed in step 1 to the amount determined in step 4 and enter the total on line 12.

For help in computing this subtraction, see "Information for Senior Citizens and Retirees" on Treasury's Web site at www.michigan.gov/incometax.

You may not subtract:

- Amounts received from a deferred compensation plan that lets the employee set the amount to be put aside and does not set retirement age or requirements for years of service. These plans include, but are not limited to, plans under Sections 401(k), 457 and 403(b) of the IRC.
- Amounts received before the recipient could retire under the plan provisions, including amounts paid on separation, withdrawal or discontinuance of the plan.
- Amounts received as early retirement incentives, unless the incentives were paid from a pension trust.

Line 13: Senior citizens (age 65 or older) may subtract interest, dividends and capital gains included in AGI. This subtraction is limited to a maximum of \$9,420 on a single return or \$18,840 on a joint return. However, the maximum must be reduced by the retirement pension subtraction claimed on line 12. For help in computing this subtraction, see "Information for Senior Citizens and Retirees" on Treasury's Web site at www.michigan.gov/incometax.

Line 14: Enter only the taxable portion of Social Security and Tier 1 railroad benefits included on your U.S. *1040*, line 20b, or your U.S. *1040A*, line 14b. Do not include your total Social Security benefits.

Line 15: Renaissance Zone deduction. To be eligible you must meet all the following requirements:

- Be a permanent resident of a Renaissance Zone for at least 183 consecutive days.
- Be approved at your local level.
- Must not be delinquent for any State or local taxes abated by the Renaissance Zone Act.
- Must file Form MI-1040 each year.
- Have gross income of not more than \$1 million.

If you were a full-year resident of a Renaissance Zone, you may subtract all income earned or received. Unearned income such as capital gains may have to be prorated. If you lived in the Zone at least 183 consecutive days during 2007, you may subtract the portion of

income earned while a resident of the Zone. If you are a part-year resident of a Zone, you must complete and attach a *Schedule NR* to Form MI-1040. (See "Special Note" on the back of *Schedule NR*, page 40.)

Certain Renaissance Zones began to phase out in 2006. The tax exemption is reduced in increments of 25 percent during the Zone's final three years of existence. If you are a resident of a Zone that is phasing out (check with your local unit of government), you must reduce your credit as follows:

- 25 percent for the tax year that is two years before the final year of designation as a Renaissance Zone
- 50 percent for the tax year immediately preceding the final year of the designation as a Renaissance Zone
- 75 percent for the tax year that is the final year of the designation as a Renaissance Zone.

For additional information regarding qualifications for the Renaissance Zone deduction, call the Michigan Economic Development Corporation at (517) 373-9808.

You may also call the Michigan Tele-Help System (1-800-827-4000) and listen to topic #293.

Line 16: You may subtract Michigan state and city income tax refunds and homestead property tax credit refunds that were included in AGI.

Note to farmers: You may subtract (to the extent included in AGI) the amount that your State or city income tax refund and homestead property tax credit exceeds the business portion of your homestead property tax credit.

Line 17: Michigan Education Savings Program. You may deduct, to the extent not deducted in calculating AGI, the total of all contributions less qualified withdrawals made during 2007 by the taxpayer in the tax year to accounts established through the MESP. The deduction may not exceed \$5,000 for a single return or \$10,000 for a joint return per tax year. There are numerous education savings accounts available from other states and investment companies, but Michigan only allows a tax deduction for contributions to accounts established through MESP.

Line 18: Michigan Education Trust.

You may deduct the following:

- If you purchased a MET contract during 2007, you may deduct the total contract price (including the processing fee).
- If you purchased a MET payroll deduction or monthly purchase contract, you may deduct the amount paid on that contract during 2007 (not including fees for late payments or insufficient funds). You should receive an annual statement from MET specifying this amount.
- If you purchased a MET contract between 1988 and 1990 with a MET-secured loan and have not deducted the total contract price, you may deduct the principal amount paid on the secured loan during 2007.
- The amount included in AGI as income to the purchaser because the MET contract was terminated.

Line 19: Venture Capital Deduction. Enter the lesser of line 14 (if greater than zero) or line 15 from *Michigan Venture Capital Deduction Schedule* (Form 4534).

Line 20: Miscellaneous subtractions include:

- Any part of a qualified withdrawal from an MESP account included in AGI.
- Contributions to national or Michigan political parties or candidates. The maximum deduction is \$50 on a single return and \$100 on a joint return.
- Benefits from a discriminatory selfinsured medical expense reimbursement plan, to the extent these reimbursements are included in AGI.
- Proceeds and prizes included in AGI won in State of Michigan-regulated bingo, raffle or charity games.
- Amount of salary and wage expense that cannot be deducted on your federal return because you are claiming a work opportunity credit, clinical testing (orphan drug) credit or research credit. Attach a copy of U.S. Work Opportunity Credit (Form 5884), Credit for Increasing Research Activities (Form 6765) or Orphan Drug Credit (Form 8820) to substantiate this subtraction.
- Losses from the disposal of property reported in the Michigan column of

Form MI-1040D, line 15, or Form MI-4797, line 18b(1).

- Amount used to determine the credit for elderly or totally and permanently disabled from U.S. 1040 Schedule R, line 19, or U.S. 1040A Schedule 3, line 19.
- Michigan NOL deduction. Attach Form MI-1045. See page 7.
- Gross income included in AGI from Michigan gas and oil royalty interest or working interest.
- The amount of a distribution from individual retirement accounts that qualify under IRC section 408 if the distribution is used to pay qualified higher education expenses (tuition, books, fees, etc.) at a postsecondary educational institution.
- Holocaust victim payments.

• To the extent included in AGI, a distribution from a pension or retirement plan that is contributed to a qualifying charitable organization. To qualify, you must make the payment to the charity within 60 days of receiving the distribution, and reduce the amount of the contribution by any pension subtraction taken and two times the total amount of credits claimed for a public contribution credit, homeless shelter/food bank credit and the community foundation credit.

You may not subtract:

- Itemized deductions from U.S. Schedule A.
- Sick pay, disability benefits and wage continuation benefits paid to you by your employer or by an insurance

- company under contract with your employer.
- Unemployment benefits included in AGI, except railroad unemployment benefits.
- · Distributions from a deferred compensation plan received while a resident of Michigan.
- Lottery winnings. (Exception: installment payments from prizes won on or before December 30, 1988, may be subtracted.)

Note: Include installment gross winnings as reported on your Form W-2G, box 1, and show on your Schedule W, Table 1, in the appropriate box.

Line-by-Line Instructions for Schedule 2

Line 1: City Income Tax Credit. Everyone who pays Michigan income tax is allowed partial credit for income tax paid to Michigan cities. Use Worksheet 4 below to compute the credit.

1a: Enter your net city income tax paid in 2007 from Worksheet 4 below.

1b: Enter your city income tax credit. Use Worksheet 4 below to compute the credit.

than \$10,000.00

Line 2: Public Contribution Credit.

A **partial** income tax credit can be claimed for donations to a qualifying Michigan public institution. The credit is based on cash or the value of the item(s) donated. Values claimed must be supported by written appraisals, trade journals, etc., or by an itemized receipt.

to line 1b

Gifts qualify for credit if given to:

- Michigan colleges or universities and their fund-raising organizations
- The Michigan Colleges Foundation
- The State Art in Public Places Fund
- The Michigan Historical Museum
- Michigan public libraries
- Michigan public broadcasting stations
- A Michigan municipality, or a nonprofit corporation affiliated with a Michigan municipality, for an art institute in that municipality or to benefit the art institute (art institutes are those whose primary function is the displaying and teaching of visual arts)
- The State of Michigan for the preservation of State archives.

Artwork created by the taxpayer also qualifies for credit if given to:

- The State of Michigan for display in a public place
- A Michigan municipality for public display.

Artwork is an original visual creation of quality in any size or shape, in any media, using any materials. Its fair market value must be determined by an independent appraiser when donated.

2a: Enter the total amount of public contributions.

	WORKSHEET 4 - CITY INCOME TAX CREDIT					
	To Determine Net City Income Tax					
Step 1						
	To Determine Your City Income Tax Credit If Your Total Net City Income Tax Paid (Michigan Schedule 2, line 1a) is:					
	\$100 or less	\$101 through \$	150	\$151 or m	ore	
	Net city income tax paid00	Net city income tax paid	.00	Net city income tax paid	00	
	Multiplyx20	Subtract\$		Subtract	\$150.00	
Step 2	credit. Carry to line 1b00	Subtotalx		Subtotal Multiplyx		
3,	Round all amounts to the nearest dollar.	Subtotal Add +		Subtotal Add+		

to line 1b

2b: Enter the credit which is the **smaller** of:

- 50 percent of the contribution reported on line 2a, or
- \$100 (\$200 for a joint return).

Line 3: Community Foundations Credit. A partial income tax credit can be claimed when you donate to an endowment fund of one of the certified community foundations or component funds listed on page 44. Enter the code number in the box on line 3. For individuals who contributed to more than one community foundation, enter the number of one foundation and attach a list indicating the others. You must enter a valid code to receive credit.

3a: Enter the total of all contributions.3b: Enter the credit which is the smaller of:

- 50 percent of the contribution reported on line 3a, or
- \$100 (\$200 for a joint return).

Line 4: Homeless Shelter/Food Bank Credit. A partial income tax credit can be claimed when a donation is made by cash or check to a qualifying shelter for homeless persons, a food bank, a food kitchen or other entity whose primary purpose is to provide overnight accommodation, food or meals to indigent persons. Donations to organizations such as secondhand stores and churches that provide other services or shelter and food as a secondary purpose do not qualify for this credit.

Contributions qualifying for this credit must be all of the following:

- Cash or check;
- Made to organizations located in **Michigan** whose **primary** purpose is to provide food and/or shelter to indigent persons; **and**
- Deductible as a charitable contribution under the Internal Revenue Code (IRC).

4a: Enter the total cash contributions.4b: Enter the credit which is the smaller of:

- 50 percent of the contribution reported on line 4a, or
- \$100 (\$200 for a joint return).

Note: Contributions designated for a "qualifying organization" (community foundation, homeless shelter or food bank) and made through United Way also qualify for this credit. If the credit is for a community foundation, be sure to enter the appropriate two-digit code number on Schedule 2, line 3.

Note: Treasury may request receipts for credits claimed on lines 2, 3 and 4. Cancelled checks will not be accepted in place of receipts.

Line 5: Credit for Income Tax Imposed by Government Units Outside Michigan. Include the amount of income tax paid to:

- A nonreciprocal state (see page 7)
- A local government unit outside Michigan, including tax paid to local units located in reciprocal states
- The District of Columbia
- A Canadian province.

Include only income tax paid to another government unit(s) on income earned while you were a Michigan resident and taxed by Michigan.

Attach a copy of the return filed with the other government unit(s) to your MI-1040.

Do **not** include taxes paid on income you subtracted on lines 8-20 of Michigan *Schedule 1* (e.g., rental or business income from another state, part-year resident wages, etc.). If you claim credit for Canadian provincial tax, you must file a *Resident Credit for Tax Imposed by a Canadian Province* (Michigan Form 777). Attach copies of your *Canadian Federal Individual Tax Return* (Form T-1), Canadian Form T-4, *Foreign Tax Credit* (U.S. *1116*) and U.S. *1040*. Your credit is limited to the portion of your Canadian provincial tax not used as a credit on your U.S. *1040*.

5a: Enter the total income tax paid to other government units. If you paid tax to more than one unit, attach a schedule showing the tax paid to each government unit.

5b: Credit amount. If more than one government unit is involved, compute the credit amount for each government unit separately. Then add the individual credit amounts and enter the total on line 5b. Compute your allowable credit as follows:

- Divide your non-Michigan income subject to tax by both states by your total income subject to Michigan tax (line 14 of Form MI-1040); then
- Multiply the amount of tax shown on Form MI-1040, line 17 by the result. Your credit cannot exceed the smaller of: (1) the amount of tax imposed by another government; or (2) the amount of Michigan tax due on salaries, wages and other personal compensation earned in another state. See the Example below.

Line 6: Michigan Historic Preservation Tax Credit. To claim this credit you must submit all of the supporting documentation. For a list of required forms see the instructions on the back of the 2007 *Historic Preservation Tax Credit* (Form 3581).

6a: Enter the amount from your 2007 Form 3581, line 11.

6b: Enter the amount from your 2007 Form 3581, line 12e.

Line 7: College Tuition and Fees Credit. Enter the college tuition and fees credit from Schedule CT, line 4e.

Line 8: Vehicle Donation Credit. Taxpayers who donate automobiles to certain charities may claim a

EXAMPLE: Computing Michigan resident's credit for tax imposed by a government unit outside Michigan.

	_
Michigan wage	\$18,000
Wages earned outside	
Michigan	12,000
U.S. Government	
bond interest	<u>+ 1,000</u>
Adjusted gross income	
(MI-1040, line 10)	31,000
U.S. Government	
bond interest	<u>- 1,000</u>
Total income subject to tax	
(MI-1040, line 14)	30,000
Percent of non-Michigan	
income to total (\$12,000/	
\$30,000)	40%
Taxpayer has 2 exemptions	
(2 x \$3,400)	6,800
Taxable Income	
(MI-1040, line 16)	23,200
Tax 4.01% (.0401)	
(MI-1040, line 17)	930
Tax imposed by a government	
unit outside Michigan.	
Enter this amount on your	
Schedule 2, line 5a	700
Credit limit is 40% of 930.	
Enter this amount on your	
Schedule 2, line 5b	\$ 372

nonrefundable Michigan tax credit if the automobile is transferred by the charity to an individual for employment purposes. Donors must receive a *Donor Tax Credit Certificate for Donated Vehicle* (Form 4284) from a certified charitable organization to be able to claim the credit. Treasury may request copies of Form 4284 for verification. Retain a copy of the form in your records.

Enter the code number in the box on line 8 using the following codes:

Vehicle Donation Codes

- 105 Goodwill Industries of Mid-Michigan, Inc.
- 202 Goodwill Wheels to Work
- 406 Goodwill Industries of Greater Detroit
- 601 Goodwill of Southwestern Michigan, Inc.
- 604 Carlink, Inc.
- 705 Goodwill Industries of Northern Michigan, Inc.
- 803 Goodwill Industries of West Michigan, Inc.
- 905 Goodwill Industries of Southeast Michigan, Inc.

8a: Enter Value of Donated Vehicle from Form 4284.

8b: Enter the smaller amount of 50 percent of line 8a or a maximum of \$50 for a single return or \$100 for joint return.

General Information - Homestead Property Tax Credit (MI-1040CR)

The request for your Social Security number is authorized under USC Section 42. Social Security numbers are used by Treasury to conduct matches against benefit income provided by the Social Security Administration and other sources to verify the accuracy of the home heating credit and property tax credit claims filed and to deter fraudulent filing(s).

Who May Claim a Property Tax Credit

You may claim a property tax credit if all of the following apply:

- Your homestead is located in Michigan.
- You were a Michigan resident at least six months of 2007.
- You pay property taxes or rent on your Michigan homestead.

You can have only one **homestead** at a time, and you must be the occupant as well as the owner or renter. Your homestead can be a rented apartment or a mobile home on a lot in a mobile home park. A vacation home or income property is **not** considered your homestead.

Your homestead is in your state of **domicile**. Domicile is the place where you have your permanent home. It is the place you plan to return to whenever you go away. Even if you spend the winter in a southern state, your domicile is still Michigan. College students and others whose permanent homes are not in Michigan are **not** Michigan residents. Domicile

continues until you establish a new permanent home.

Property tax credit claims may **not** be submitted on behalf of minor children.

You may not claim a property tax credit if your household income is over \$82,650. The computed credit is reduced by 10 percent for every \$1,000 (or part of \$1,000) that household income exceeds \$73,650. If filing a part-year return, you must annualize household income to determine if the income limitation applies. See instructions for annualizing on page 22.

Which Form to File

Most filers should use Form MI-1040CR in this booklet.

If you are blind and own your homestead, are in the active military, are an eligible veteran or an eligible veteran's surviving spouse, request Form MI-1040CR-2 and complete Forms MI-1040CR and MI-1040CR-2. Use the form that gives you a larger credit. If you are blind and rent your homestead, you cannot use Form MI-1040CR-2. Claim your credit on Form MI-1040CR and check the appropriate box on line 5.

When to File

If you are not required to file a Form MI-1040, you may file your credit claim as soon as you know your 2007 household income and property taxes levied in 2007. If you file a Michigan income tax return, your credit claim should be attached to your MI-1040 return and filed by April 15, 2008, to

be considered timely. To avoid penalty and interest, if you owe tax, postmark no later than April 15, 2008. The filing deadline to receive a 2007 property tax credit is April 15, 2012.

Amending Your Credit Claim

File a new claim form and write "Amended" across the top of the form. You must do this within four years of the date set for filing your original income tax return.

Delaying Payment of Your Property Taxes

Senior citizens, disabled people, veterans, surviving spouses of veterans and farmers may be able to delay paying property taxes. Contact your local or county treasurer for more information.

Household Income

Household income is the total income (taxable and nontaxable) of both spouses or of a single person maintaining a household. It is your AGI, plus all income exempt or excluded from AGI. Include gains realized on the sale of your residence regardless of your age or whether or not these gains are exempt from federal income tax. (See instructions beginning on page 20.)

Household income does NOT include:

- Payments received by participants in the foster grandparent or senior companion program
- Energy assistance grants

• Government payments to a third party (e.g., a doctor)

Note: If payment is made from money withheld from your benefit, the payment is part of household income. (For example, the DHS may pay your rent directly to the landlord.)

- Money received from a government unit to repair or improve your homestead
- Surplus food or food stamps
- State and city income tax refunds and homestead property tax credits
- Chore service payments (these payments are income to the provider of the service)
- The first \$300 from gambling, bingo, lottery, awards or prizes
- The first \$300 in gifts, cash or expenses paid on your behalf by a family member or friend
- Amounts deducted from Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits for Medicare premiums
- Life, health and accident insurance premiums paid by your employer. However, if you pay medical insurance or Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) premiums for you or your family, you may deduct the cost from household income.
- Loan proceeds
- Inheritance from a spouse
- Life insurance benefits **from a** spouse.

Property Taxes That Can Be Claimed for Credit

Ad valorem property taxes that were levied on your homestead in 2007, including collection fees up to one percent of the taxes, can be claimed no matter when you pay them. You must **deduct** from your 2007 property taxes any refund of property taxes received in 2007 that was a result of a corrected tax bill from a previous year.

Do not include:

- Delinquent property taxes (e.g., 2006 property taxes paid in 2007)
- Penalty and interest on late payments of property tax
- Delinquent water or sewer bills

- Property taxes on cottages or second homes
- · Association dues on your property
- Most special assessments for drains, sewers and roads do not meet specific tests and may not be included. You may include special assessments only if they are levied using a uniform millage rate, are based on taxable value and are either levied in the entire taxing jurisdiction or they are used to provide police, fire or advanced life support services and are levied township-wide, except for all or a portion of a village.

Home used for business. If you use part of your home for business, you may claim the property taxes on the living area of your homestead, but **not** the property taxes on the portion used for business.

Note: School operating taxes are only levied on the non-homestead portion of the property and may not be included in taxes levied when computing the property tax credit.

Owner-occupied duplexes. When both units are equal, you are limited to 50 percent of the tax on both units, after subtracting the school operating taxes from the total taxes billed.

Owner-occupied income property.

Apartment building and duplex owners who live in one of the units or single family homeowners who rent a room(s) to a tenant(s) must do two calculations to figure the tax they can claim and base their credit on the **lower** amount. First, subtract 20 percent of the rent collected from the tax claimed for credit. Second, reduce the tax claimed for credit by the amount of tax claimed as rental expense on your U.S. 1040.

For example, your home has an upstairs apartment that is rented to a tenant for \$395 a month. Total property taxes on your home are \$2,150. Of this amount, \$858 is claimed as rental expense. The calculations are as follows:

Step 1:

 $$395 \times 12 = $4,740 \text{ annual rent}$ $$4,740 \times .20 = $948 \text{ taxes attributable}$ to the apartment

\$2,150 eligible taxes - \$948 = \$1,202 taxes attributable to owner's homestead

Step 2:

\$2,150 total taxes - \$858 taxes claimed as a business deduction = \$1,292 taxes attributable to homestead

The owner's taxes that can be claimed for credit are \$1,202, the smaller of the two computations.

Farmers. Include farmland taxes in your property tax credit claim if any of the following conditions apply:

- If your gross receipts from farming are greater than your household income, you may claim all of your farmland taxes including taxes on unoccupied farmland. Do **not** include taxes on farmland that is not adjacent or contiguous to your home and that you rent or lease to another person.
- If gross receipts from farming are less than your household income and you have lived in your home **more** than 10 years, you may claim the taxes on your home and the farmland adjacent and contiguous to your home.
- If gross receipts from farming are less than your household income and you have lived in your home **less** than 10 years, you may claim the taxes on your home and five acres of farmland adjacent and contiguous to your home.

You may **not** claim **rent paid** for vacant farmland when computing your property tax credit claim.

Include any farmland preservation tax credit in your household income. Enter the amount of credit you received in 2007 on line 17 or include it in net farm income on line 15.

Homestead property tax credits are **not** included in household income. If you included this amount in your taxable farm income, subtract it from household income.

Rent That Can Be Claimed for Credit

You must be under a lease or rental contract to claim rent for credit. In most cases, 20 percent of rent paid is considered property tax that can be claimed for credit. The following are exceptions:

• If you live in housing on which service fees are paid instead of taxes, you can only claim the share attributed

to your property. You should check with your landlord to see what percent you may claim. It can be between one and 10 percent. Use the amount the landlord gives you.

- If your housing is **exempt** from property tax and no service fee is paid, you are **not** eligible for credit. This includes university- or college-owned housing.
- If your **housing costs are subsidized**, base your claim on the amount **you** pay. Do not include the federal subsidy amount.
- If you are a mobile home park resident, claim the \$3 per month specific tax on line 7, and the balance of rent paid on line 8.
- If you are a **cooperative housing corporation resident member**, claim your share of the property taxes on the building. If you live in a cooperative where residents pay rent on the land under the building, you may also claim 20 percent of that land rent. (Do **not** take 20 percent of your total monthly payment.)
- When you pay **room and board in one fee,** you must also determine your tax that can be claimed for credit based on square footage. For example, you pay \$750 a month for room and board. You occupy 600 square feet of a 62,000 square foot apartment building. The landlord pays \$54,000 in taxes per year.

Step 1: 600/62,000 = .0097

Step 2: \$54,000 x .0097 = \$524 taxes you can claim for credit.

If You Moved in 2007

Residents who temporarily lived outside Michigan may qualify for a credit if Michigan remained their state of domicile. Personal belongings and furnishings must have remained in the Michigan homestead and the homestead must not have been rented or sublet during the temporary absence. (See the definitions of resident on page 6 and domicile on page 17.)

If you bought or sold your home, you must prorate your taxes. Complete Form MI-1040CR, lines 36-42, to determine the taxes that can be claimed for credit. Use only the taxes levied in 2007 on each Michigan homestead, then prorate taxes based on days of

occupancy. Do **not** include taxes on out-of-state property.

Part-year Residents

If you lived in Michigan at least six months during the year, you may be entitled to a partial credit. If you are a part-year resident, you must include all income received as a Michigan resident in household income (line 28). Complete Form MI-1040CR, lines 36-42, to determine the taxes eligible to be claimed for credit on your Michigan homestead.

Residents of Nursing Homes and Other Adult Care Homes

If you are a resident of a nursing home, adult foster care home or home for the aged, that facility is considered your homestead. If the facility pays local property taxes (many do not), you may claim your portion of those taxes for credit. You may not claim rent. Ask the manager what your share is or, to determine it yourself, divide the amount of property tax levied on the facility in 2007 by the number of residents for which the facility is licensed. This is your share. If both you and your spouse live in the facility, add your shares together. If you lived in the facility only part of the year, multiply this amount by the portion of the year you lived at the facility.

Exception: Credit is not allowed if your facility care charges are paid directly to the facility by a government agency.

If you maintain a homestead and your spouse lives in an adult care home, you may file a joint credit claim. Combine the tax for your homestead and your spouse's share of the facility's property tax to compute your claim.

If you are single and maintain a homestead (that is **not** rented) while living in an adult care home, you may claim either your homestead or your share of the facility's property tax, but not both. Use the one that gives you the larger credit.

Deceased Claimant's Credit

The estate of a taxpayer who died in 2007 (or 2008 before filing a claim) may be entitled to a credit for 2007. The

surviving spouse, other authorized claimant or personal representative can claim this credit. Use the deceased's Social Security number and the personal representative's address. If taxpayer died after December 31, 2006, enter the date of death in the "Deceased Taxpayers" box on the bottom of page 2.

The surviving spouse may file a joint claim with the deceased. Enter both names and Social Security numbers on the form, and write "DECD" after the deceased's name. Sign the return and write "filing as surviving spouse" in the deceased's signature block. Enter the date of death in the "Deceased Taxpayers" box on the bottom of page 2. Include the deceased's income in household income.

If filing as a personal representative or claimant to the refund of a single deceased taxpayer(s), you must attach a Statement of Person Claiming Refund Due a Deceased Taxpayer (U.S. 1310) or Michigan Claim for Refund Due a Deceased Taxpayer (Form MI-1310). Enter the deceased's name in the Filer's Name field and the representative's or claimant's name and title in the Spouse's Name field. See the "Deceased Taxpayer Chart of Examples" on page 43. A claimant must prorate to the date of death as noted in the following paragraph.

The personal representative or claimant claiming a credit for a single deceased person or on a jointly filed credit if both filers became deceased during the 2007 tax year, must prorate taxes to the date of death. Complete lines 38-42 to prorate the property taxes. Annualize household income. (See the instructions for lines 29 and 34 on page 22.) Attach a copy of the tax bills or rent receipts. If filing as a personal representative or claimant of a deceased taxpayer(s) for a jointly filed return, you must attach a U.S. 1310 Form or Form MI-1310. Enter the names of the deceased persons in the Filer's and Spouse's Name fields and the representative's or claimant's name, title and address in the Home Address field. See "Deceased Taxpayer Chart of Examples" on page 43.

If you are a personal representative or claimant filing a joint return, see "Deceased Taxpayers" on page 7.

Married During 2007

If you married during 2007, combine each spouse's share of taxes or rent for the period of time he or she lived in separate homesteads. Then add the prorated share of taxes or rent for the time you lived together in your marital home. This only applies to homes located in Michigan.

Married Filing Separately

Spouses who file separate Michigan income tax returns and share a household are entitled to **one** property tax credit. Complete your property tax credit claim jointly and include income from both spouses in household income. Divide the credit as you wish. If each spouse claims a portion of the credit, attach a copy of the claim showing each spouse's share of the credit to each income tax return. Enter only your portion of the credit on Form MI-1040, line 26.

Separated and Filing a Joint Return With Your Spouse

Your claim must be based on the tax or rent for 12 months on only one home. The household income must be the combined income of both you and your spouse for the entire year.

Filing Separate Federal and State Returns and Maintaining Separate Homesteads

You may each claim a credit. Each credit is based on the individual taxes or rent and individual income for each person.

Separated or Divorced in 2007

Figure your credit based on the taxes you paid together before your separation plus the taxes you paid individually after your separation. Attach a schedule showing your computation.

For example, Bob and Susan separated on October 2, 2007. The annual taxes on the home they owned were \$1,860. Susan continued to live in the home and Bob moved to an apartment on October 2 and paid \$350 per month rent for the rest of the year. Susan earned \$20,000 and Bob earned \$25,000. They lived together for 274 days.

Step 1: Calculate the prorated income for each spouse for the 274 days they lived together. Divide each spouse's total income by 365 days, then multiply that figure by 274.

Susan (\$20,000/365) x 274 = \$15,014 Bob (\$25,000/365) x 274 = \$18,767

Step 2: Add both prorated incomes together to determine the total income for the time they lived together.

\$15,014 + \$18,767 = \$33,781

Step 3: Divide each individual's prorated share of income by the total income from Step 2 to determine the percentage of income attributable to each.

Susan \$15,014/\$33,781 = 44% Bob \$18,767/\$33,781 = 56%

Step 4: Calculate the prorated taxes eligible for credit for the time they lived together. Divide the \$1,860 by 365 days, then multiply by 274 days.

 $(\$1,860/365) \times 274 = \$1,396$

Step 5: Calculate each individual's share of the prorated taxes. Multiply the \$1,396 by the percentages determined in Step 3.

Susan \$1,396 x 44% = \$614 Bob \$1,396 x 56% = \$782

Enter these amounts on Form MI-1040CR, line 41, column A.

Susan uses lines 38-41, column B, to compute her share of taxes for the remaining 91 days.

Bob uses lines 43-44 to compute his share of rent. Each completes the remaining lines of Form MI-1040CR according to the form instructions.

Single Adults Sharing a Home

When two or more single adults share a home, each may file a credit claim if each has contracted to pay rent or owns a share of the home. Each adult should file an individual claim based on his or her household income and prorated share of taxes or rent paid.

Line-by-Line Instructions for Form MI-1040CR

Lines not listed are explained on the form.

Lines 1, 2 and 3: Enter your name(s), address and Social Security number(s). If you are married, filing separate claims, enter both Social Security numbers, but do **not** enter your spouse's name.

Line 5: Check the box(es) that applies to you or your spouse as of December 31, 2007:

a) Age 65 or older.

Unremarried surviving spouse of a person who was 65 or older at the time

of death. You are considered 65 the day before your 65th birthday.

b) Deaf, blind (see page 10, 9c instructions), hemiplegic, paraplegic, quadriplegic or totally and permanently disabled (as defined under Social Security Guidelines 42 USC 416).

Property Tax and Household Income

Include all taxable and nontaxable income you and your spouse received in 2007. If your family lived in Michigan and one spouse earned wages outside Michigan, include the

income earned out of state in your household income. (See "Household Income" on page 17 and "Property Taxes That Can Be Claimed for Credit" on page 18.)

Line 6: If you own your homestead, enter the 2007 taxable value from your 2007 property tax statement or assessment notice. If you do not know your taxable value, ask your local treasurer. Farmers should include the taxable value on all land that qualifies for this credit.

Line 7: Read "Property Taxes That Can Be Claimed for Credit" on page 18 before you complete this line.

Line 11: Enter all compensation received as an employee. Include strike pay, supplemental unemployment benefits (SUB pay), sick pay or long-term disability benefits, including income protection insurance and any other amounts reported to you on Form W-2.

Line 13: Enter the total of the amounts from your U.S. *Schedule C* (business income or loss), U.S. *4797* (other gain or loss) and U.S. *Schedule E* (rents, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, estates and trusts). Include amounts from sources outside Michigan. **Attach these schedules to your claim.**

Line 14: Enter all annuity, retirement pension and IRA benefits and the name of the payer. This should be the taxable amount shown on your U.S. 1099-R. If no taxable amount is shown on your U.S. 1099-R, use the amount required to be included in AGI. Enter zero if all of your distribution is from your contributions made with income previously included in AGI. Include reimbursement payments such as an increase in a pension to pay for Medicare charges. Also include the total amount of any lump sum distribution including amounts reported on your U.S. 4972. Do not include recoveries of after-tax contributions or amounts rolled over into another plan (amounts rolled over into a Roth IRA must be included to the extent included in AGI).

You must include any part of a distribution from a Roth IRA that exceeds your total contributions to the Roth IRA regardless of whether this amount is included in AGI. Assume that all contributions to the Roth IRA are withdrawn first. **Note:** Losses from Roth IRAs cannot be deducted.

Line 15: Enter the amount from U.S. *Schedule F* (farm income or loss). Attach *Schedule F*.

Line 16: Enter net capital gains and losses. This is the total of short- and long-term gains, less short- and long-term losses from your U.S. *Schedule*

1040D, line 16 (for gains) or line 21 (for losses--cannot exceed \$3,000). Include gains realized on the sale of your residence regardless of your age or whether or not these gains are exempt from federal income tax.

Line 17: Enter alimony received and other taxable income. Describe other taxable income. This includes:

- Awards, prizes, lottery, bingo and other gambling winnings over \$300
- Farmland preservation tax credits, if not included in farm income on line 15.

Line 18: Enter your Social Security, Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and/or Railroad Retirement benefits. Include death benefits and amounts received for minor children or other dependent adults who live with you. Report the amount actually received. Do **not** include the amount deducted for Medicare.

Line 19: Enter child support and all payments received as a foster parent. **Note:** If you received a *2007 Child Support Year-End Statement* (FEN-851) showing child support payments paid to the Friend of the Court, enter the child support portion here and attach a copy of the statement. See line 23.

Line 21: Enter other nontaxable income. This includes:

- Compensation for damages to character or for personal injury or sickness
- An inheritance (except an inheritance from your spouse)
- Proceeds of a life insurance policy paid on the death of the insured (except benefits from a policy on your spouse)
- Death benefits paid by or on behalf of an employer
- The value over \$300 in gifts of cash, merchandise or expenses paid on your behalf (rent, taxes, utilities, food, medical care, etc.) from parents, relatives or friends
- Minister's housing allowance
- Amounts paid directly to you as a scholarship, stipend, grant or GI bill benefits
- Reimbursement from dependent care and/or medical care spending accounts.

Also include payments made on your behalf except government payments made directly to an educational institution or subsidized housing project.

Line 22: Enter service-connected disability compensation and pension benefits from the Veterans Administration and workers' compensation benefits. Veterans receiving retirement benefits should enter the benefits on line 14.

Line 23: Enter the total payments made to your household by the DHS and all other public assistance payments. Your 2007 Client Annual Statement (DHS-1241) mailed by DHS in January 2008 will show your total DHS payments. Your statement(s) may include the following: Family Independence Program (FIP) assistance, State Disability Assistance (SDA), Refugee Assistance, Repatriate Assistance and vendor payments for shelter, heat and utilities. Note: If you received a 2007 FEN-851, subtract the amount of child support payments entered on line 19 from the total DHS payments and enter the difference here.

Line 25: Enter total adjustments from your U.S. *1040*, line 36, or U.S. *1040A*, line 20. Describe adjustments to income. These adjustments reduce household income and include some of the following:

- Payments to individual retirement accounts (IRAs), SEP, SIMPLE or qualified plans
- Student loan interest deduction
- Moving expenses into or within Michigan
- Deduction for self-employment tax
- Self-employed health insurance deduction
- Penalty on early withdrawal of savings
- Alimony paid
- Jury duty pay you gave to your employer
- Any other adjustments to gross income included on line 36 of your 2007 U.S. 1040.

Also enter the amount of an NOL deduction. **Note:** A deduction for a carryback or carryforward of an NOL cannot exceed federal modified taxable income. Attach your Form MI-1045.

Line 26: Enter medical insurance or HMO premiums you paid for yourself and your family (not Medicare). Include medical insurance premiums paid through post-tax payroll deduction. Include the portion of auto insurance paid for medical coverage. Do not include insurance premiums deducted on line 25 or premiums paid for income protection and long-term care insurance or amounts paid through pre-tax payroll.

Property Tax Credit

Line 29: Multiply line 28 by 3.5 percent (.035) or the percentage from Table 3 on this page. This is the amount that will not be refunded. The personal representative claiming a credit for a deceased taxpayer with household income of \$6,000 or less must annualize the deceased's income and use the annualized figure to determine the nonrefundable percentage from Table 3 on this page. Then use the actual household income to compute the credit. See instructions for annualizing on this page.

Line 34: Taxpayers with household income over \$82,650 (line 28) are not eligible for credit in any category. The computed credit is reduced by 10 percent for every \$1,000 (or part of \$1,000) that your household income exceeds \$73,650. If you are filing a part-year return (for a deceased taxpayer or a part-year resident), you must annualize the household income

to determine if the credit reduction applies. If the annualized income is more than \$73,650, use actual household income to compute the credit; then reduce the credit 10 percent for every \$1,000 (or part of \$1,000) that your annualized income exceeds \$73,650. The surviving spouse filing a joint claim does not have to annualize the deceased spouse's income.

To annualize income (project what it would have been for a full year):

Step 1: Divide 365 by the number of days the claimant was a Michigan resident in 2007.

Step 2: Multiply the answer from step 1 by the claimant's household income (line 28). The result is annualized income.

Line 35: If you and your spouse had a different residency status, check the box that applies to each spouse.

Renters

See "Rent That Can Be Claimed for Credit" on page 18.

Line 43: If you rented a Michigan homestead subject to local property taxes, enter the street number and name, city, landlord's name and address, number of months rented, rent paid per month and total rent paid. Do this for each Michigan homestead rented during 2007. If you need more space, attach an additional sheet. Do not include more than 12 months' rent. Do not include amounts paid directly to the landowner on your behalf by a

government agency, unless payment is made with money withheld from your benefit.

Line 47: Multiply line 46 by the percentage given to you by your landlord (see instructions on page 18 and 19).

Credit Proration

If you received FIP assistance or other DHS benefits in 2007, prorate your credit to reflect the ratio of income from other sources to total household income. To prorate your credit, complete your Form MI-1040CR, lines 1-30 first, then use the information from your form to complete Worksheet 5 below.

Alternate Property Tax Credit for Renters Age 65 or Older

Worksheet 6, Line B: Enter rent paid from line 44 or, if you live in service fee housing, enter amount from line 46. If you moved from one rental homestead to another during the last two years (also see "If You Moved in 2007" on page 19), enter smaller of:

- The final month's rent on your previous rented homestead multiplied by 12, **or**
- The actual rent paid from line 44 or line 46.

TABLE 3: PERCENT OF TAXES NOT REFUNDABLE

ALL GENERAL CLAIMANTS

<u>Income</u>	% of Income
\$0 - \$82,650	3.5%

OTHER CLAIMANTS*

<u>Income</u>	% of Income
\$3,000 or less	0%
\$3,001 - \$4,000	1%
\$4,001 - \$5,000	2%
\$5,001 - \$6,000	3%
More than \$6.000	3.5%

*Other claimants are senior citizens or people who are paraplegic, hemiplegic, quadriplegic, blind, deaf, or totally and permanently disabled or unremarried spouse of an individual 65 or older.

WORKSHEET 5 - FIP/DHS BENEFITS

- A. Enter amount from line 23 (FIP and other DHS benefits)
- B. Enter amount from line 28 (Household Income)
- C. Subtract line A from line B (if amount is a negative value, enter zero)
- D. Divide line C by line B and enter percentage here
- E. If you checked a box on line 5, enter amount from line 30. All others, multiply amount on line 30 by 60% (.60) and enter here (max. \$1,200)
- F. Multiply line E by line D. If you are age 65 or older and you rent your home, enter amount here and on line A of Worksheet 6 below.

Otherwise, enter here and on your MI-1040CR, line 32

WORKSHEET 6 - ALTERNATE PROPERTY TAX CREDIT FOR RENTERS AGE 65 AND OLDER

- A. Enter amount from line 30 or from Worksheet 5, Line F, above
- B. Enter rent paid from line 44 or line 46
- C. Multiply amount on line 28 by 40% (.40) and enter here

 D. Subtract line C from line B. If line C is more than line B, enter zero
- E. Enter the larger of line A or line D here and carry amount to your MI-1040CR, line 32

Forms contained in this booklet (pages 23 - 42) are posted separately. Select and print the form you need from the list.

<u>Forms</u>	Page No.
MI-1040, Individual Income Tax Return	23-26
Schedule W, Withholding Tax Schedule	27-30
Michigan Schedule 1	31-34
MI-1040CR, Homestead Property Tax Credit Claim	35-38
Schedule NR, Nonresident and Part-year Resident Schedule	39-40
Schedule CT, College Tuition and Fees Credit	41-42

When to File a Single Business Tax Return

Single Business Tax (SBT) is a tax on business activity conducted in Michigan. You (individuals) are required to file an SBT return **if** you have business activity in Michigan and your apportioned or allocated receipts are \$350,000 or greater for the 2007 tax year. Business activity is indicated if:

- You are self-employed and/or have to pay self-employment tax with your federal income tax return, **or**
- You file a U.S. Schedule C, or
- You include rental property on a U.S. Schedule E, or

• Your earnings are reported to you on Form 1099 MISC rather than Form W-2.

Software developers must support e-file for all SBT forms that are included in their tax preparation software. Therefore, all eligible SBT returns prepared using software must be e-filed. Visit **www.michigan.gov/sbtefile** for more information. If you have general questions about SBT, call the Customer Contact Division, Single Business Tax Unit, at (517) 636-4700 or visit Treasury's Web site at **www.michigan.gov/taxes.**

Deceased Taxpayer Chart of Examples (See instructions, pages 7 and 19.)

A. Joint Filers with Surviving Spouse

1. Filer's First Name	M.I.	Last Name	
John	A	Brown	DECD
If a Joint Return, Spouse's First Name	M.I.	Last Name	
Jane	C	Brown	

B. Single Filer with Personal Representative

1. Filer's First Name	M.I.	Last Name	
John	A	Brown	EST OF
If a Joint Return, Spouse's First Name	M.I.	Last Name	
Sam	W	Jones	REP

C. Single Filer with Claimant

1. Filer's First Name	M.I.	Last Name	
John	A	Brown	DECD
If a Joint Return, Spouse's First Name	M.I.	Last Name	
John	P	Jones	CLAIMANT

D. Joint Filers with Personal Representative

ſ	Filer's First Name	M.I.	Last Name				
	John	Α	Brown	EST OF			
ľ	If a Joint Return, Spouse's First Name	M.I.	Last Name				
	Jane	C	Brown	EST OF			
Γ	Home Address (No., Street, P.O. Box or Rural Route)						
	John H. Jones	RF	EP 12:	3 Main St.			

E. Joint Filers with Claimant

1. Filer's First Name	M.I.	Last Name			
John	Α	Brown	DECD		
If a Joint Return, Spouse's First Name	M.I.	Last Name			
Jane	C	Brown	DECD		
Home Address (No., Street, P.O. Box or Rural Route)					
John H. Jones	CI	AIMANT	123 Main St.		

Worksheet 7: Exemption Allowance for Schedule NR

When One Spouse Is a Part-year or Nonresident

A. Computing Amount of Exemption for Part-year or Nonresident Income

1.	Michigan Taxable Income of spouse that is NOT a full year resident	
2.	Total Taxable Income of spouse that is NOT a full year resident	
3.	Divide line 1 by line 2 and enter percentage here	%
4.	Michigan personal exemption allowance	\$3,400
5.	Number of spouse's special exemptions from MI-1040, line 9 X \$2,200	
6.	Add lines 4 and 5	
7.	Multiply line 6 by the percentage on line 3	
B.	Computing Amount of Prorated Exemption Amount for Dependents	
8.	Michigan AGI for both spouses from Schedule NR, line 14b	
9.	Total AGI from Schedule NR, line 14a	
10.	Divide line 8 by line 9 and enter percentage here	<u>%</u>
11.	Multiply line 10 by exemption allowance of \$3,400	
12.	Multiply line 11 by the number of dependents claimed	
13.	Multiply number of dependents claimed w/special exemptions (blind, deaf, etc.)	
	X \$2,200 X % from line 10	
C.	Computing Amount of Exemption for Resident Spouse	
14.	Michigan resident spouse's personal exemption allowance	\$3,400
15.	Number of Michigan resident spouse's special exemptions from MI-1040, line 9 X \$2,200	
16.	Add lines 14 and 15	
17.	Add lines 7, 12, 13 and 16 and carry to Schedule NR, line 19	

Certified Community Foundations and Component Funds

A component fund serves donors and nonprofit organizations in a specific geographic area as a restricted fund of a neighboring community foundation. The following are certified for the Community Foundations Credit for 2007.

- 01 Albion Community Foundation
- 56 Allegan County Community Foundation Saugatuck/Douglas Area Community Fund
- 63 Anchor Bay Community Foundation
- 02 Ann Arbor Area Community Foundation Community Foundation of Plymouth Ypsilanti Area Community Fund
- 49 Baraga County Community Foundation
- 58 Barry Community Foundation
- 17 Battle Creek Community Foundation Athens Area Community Foundation Homer Area Community Foundation Springfield Community Foundation
- 03 Bay Area Community Foundation Arenac County Fund
- 04 Berrien Community Foundation
- 45 Branch County Community Foundation
- 36 Cadillac Area Community Foundation Missaukee Area Community Foundation
- 64 Canton Community Foundation
- 06 Capital Region Community Foundation **Eaton County Community Foundation**
- 66 Central Montcalm Community Foundation
- 44 Charlevoix County Community Foundation
- 28 Community Foundation for Muskegon County Community Foundation for Mason County Community Foundation for Oceana County
- 29 Community Foundation for Northeast Michigan **Iosco County Community Foundation** North Central Michigan Community Foundation Straits Area Community Foundation
- 09 Community Foundation for Southeast Michigan Chelsea Community Foundation Community Foundation for Livingston County
- 10 Community Foundation of Greater Flint Clio Area Community Fund

Fenton Community Fund

Flushing Community Fund

Grand Blanc Community Fund **Davison Community Fund**

- 19 Community Foundation of Greater Rochester
- 11 Community Foundation of Monroe County Greater Milan Area Foundation The Bedford Foundation
- 35 Community Foundation of St. Clair County
- 20 Community Foundation of the Holland/Zeeland Area
- 54 Community Foundation of the Upper Peninsula Alger Regional Community Foundation Chippewa County Community Foundation Community Foundation for Delta County Gogebic-Ontonagon Community Foundation Les Cheneaux Area Community Foundation Schoolcraft County Community Foundation St. Ignace Area Community Foundation Tahquamenon Area Community Foundation West Iron County Area Community Foundation
- 72 Community Foundation of Troy
- 50 Dickinson County Area Community Foundation Crystal Falls/Forest Park Area Community Fund Norway Area Community Fund

- 13 Four County Community Foundation
- 14 Fremont Area Community Foundation Lake County Community Foundation Mecosta County Community Foundation Osceola County Community Foundation
- 15 Grand Haven Area Community Foundation Allendale Community Foundation Coopersville Area Community Foundation
- 16 Grand Rapids Community Foundation Ionia County Community Foundation Lowell Area Community Fund Southeast Ottawa Community Foundation Sparta Community Foundation Wyoming Community Foundation
- 46 Grand Traverse Regional Community Foundation
- 48 Gratiot County Community Foundation
- 18 Greater Frankenmuth Area Community Foundation
- 37 Greenville Area Community Foundation Lakeview Area Community Fund Montcalm Panhandle Community Fund
- 43 Hillsdale County Community Foundation
- 60 Huron County Community Foundation
- 21 Jackson County Community Foundation
- 22 Kalamazoo Community Foundation **Covert Township Community Foundation**
- 67 Keweenaw Community Foundation
- 77 Lapeer County Community Foundation
- 23 Leelanau Township Community Foundation
- 62 Lenawee Community Foundation
- 55 Livonia Community Foundation
- 25 M & M Area Community Foundation
- 65 Mackinac Island Community Foundation
- 24 Manistee County Community Foundation
- 39 Marquette Community Foundation Greater Ishpeming Area Community Fund Gwinn Area Community Fund Negaunee Area Community Fund
- 26 Marshall Community Foundation
- 05 Michigan Gateway Community Foundation
- 27 Midland Area Community Foundation Clare County Community Foundation Gladwin County Endowment Fund
- 42 Mt. Pleasant Area Community Foundation
- 68 Northville Community Foundation
- 75 Otsego County Community Foundation
- 47 Petoskey-Harbor Springs Area Community Foundation
- 76 Roscommon County Community Foundation
- 30 Saginaw Community Foundation Chesaning Area Community Foundation Fund
- 61 Sanilac County Community Foundation
- 71 Shelby Community Foundation
- 31 Shiawassee Community Foundation
- 57 Southfield Community Foundation
- 74 Sterling Heights Community Foundation
- 40 Sturgis Area Community Foundation Constantine Area Community Foundation White Pigeon Area Community Foundation
- 32 Three Rivers Area Community Foundation
- 73 Tuscola County Community Foundation

School District Code List (See MI-1040 or MI-1040CR, line 4.)

Michigan public school districts are listed alphabetically with code numbers to the **left** of the names. When more than one district has the same name, the county or city name in parentheses helps you choose the right district. **Residents,** choose the code for the district where you lived on December 31, 2007. Call your local assessor or treasurer if you do not know your school district name. **Nonresidents,** enter "10000" in the code box.

						1	
31020	Adams Twp.	73180	Bridgeport-Spaulding	82040	Dearborn Heights (7)	80110	Gobles
46020	Addison	11340	Bridgman	80050	Decatur	41120	Godfrey-Lee
46010	Adrian	47010	Brighton	76090	Deckerville	41020	Godwin Heights
58020	Airport	17140	Brimley	46070	Deerfield	25050	Goodrich
79010	Akron-Fairgrove	46050	Britton-Macon	08010	Delton-Kellogg	25030	Grand Blanc
05010	Alba	12020	Bronson	17050	Detour	70010	Grand Haven
13010	Albion	76060	Brown City	82010	Detroit	23060	Grand Ledge
01010 74030	Alcona	11310 28035	Buchanan	19010 81050	DeWitt Dexter	41010 41130	Grand Rapids Grandville
03030	Algonac Allegan	73080	Buckley Buena Vista	31100	Dollar Bay-Tamarack City	62050	Grandvine
82020	Allen Park	56020	Bullock Creek	14020	Donar Bay-Tamarack City Dowagiac Union	42030	Grant Twp. (2)
70040	Allendale	75020	Burr Oak	44050	Dryden Dryden	38050	Grass Lake
29010	Alma	02020	Burt Twp.	58050	Dundee	59070	Greenville
44020	Almont	78020	Byron	78030	Durand	82300	Grosse Ile Twp.
04010	Alpena	41040	Byron Center			82055	Grosse Pointe
50040	Anchor Bay	92010	Cadillac	74050	East China	39065	Gull Lake
81010	Ann Arbor	83010 41050	Caledonia	50020 41090	East Detroit East Grand Rapids	52040	Gwinn
06010	Arenac Eastern	31030	Calumet	38090	East Jackson	11670	Hagar Twp. (6)
50050	Armada	30010	Canden-Frontier	15060	East Jordan	35020	Hale
07010	Arvon Twp.	74040	Capac	33010	East Lansing	03100	Hamilton
29020	Ashley	25080	Carman-Ainsworth	34340	Easton Twp. (6)	82060	Hamtramck
13050	Athens	55010	Carney-Nadeau	23050	Eaton Rapids	31010	Hancock
25130	Atherton	79020	Caro	11250	Eau Claire	38100	Hanover-Horton
60010	Atlanta	73030	Carrollton	82250	Ecorse	32060	Harbor Beach
06020	Au Gres Sims	59020	Carson City-Crystal	14030	Edwardsburg	24020	Harbor Springs
02010 63070	AuTrain-Onota Avondale	76070	Carsonville-Pt. Sanilac	05060	Elk Rapids	13070	Harper Creek
03070	Avoildate	32030	Caseville	32050	Elkton-Pigeon-Bay Port Laker	82320	Harper Woods
32010	Bad Axe	79030	Cass City	05065	Ellsworth	18060	Harrison
43040	Baldwin	14010	Cassopolis	31070	Elm River Twp.	64040	Hart
80020	Bangor (Van Buren)	41070	Cedar Springs	49055	Engadine	80120	Hartford
80240	Bangor Twp. (8)	50010	Center Line	21010	Escanaba	47060	Hartland
09030 07020	Bangor Twp.	05035 59125	Central Lake Central Montcalm	09050 67020	Essexville-Hampton Evart	33060 08030	Haslett Hastings
21090	Baraga Bark River-Harris	75030	Centreville	66045	Ewen-Trout Creek	63130	Hazel Park
19100	Bath	15050	Charlevoix	40060	Excelsior (1)	73210	Hemlock
13020	Battle Creek	23030	Charlotte		` ´	62060	Hesperia
09010	Bay City	31050	Chassell Twp.	68030	Fairview	82070	Highland Park
37040	Beal City	16015	Cheboygan	63200	Farmington	60020	Hillman
51020	Bear Lake	81040	Chelsea	18020	Farwell	30020	Hillsdale
15010	Beaver Island	73110	Chesaning Union	03050 25100	Fennville Fenton	70020	Holland
26010	Beaverton	54025	Chippewa Hills	63020	Ferndale	63210	Holly
58030	Bedford	50080	Chippewa Valley	50090	Fitzgerald	33070	Holt
25240	Beecher	32040	Church	82180	Flat Rock	61120	Holton
34080	Belding	18010	Clare	25010	Flint	13080	Homer
05040	Bellaire	63090	Clarenceville	25120	Flushing	03070	Hopkins
23010	Bellevue	63190	Clarkston	40020	Forest Area	72020	Houghton Lake
25060	Bendle	63270 39020	Clawson	41110	Forest Hills	31110	Houghton-Portage
25230 11010	Bentley Benton Harbor	46060	Climax-Scotts Clinton	36015	Forest Park	47070 46080	Howell Hudson
10015	Benzie County Central	50070	Clintondale	19070	Fowler	70190	Hudsonville
63050	Berkley	25150	Clio	47030	Fowlerville	82340	Huron
34140	Berlin Twp. (3)	12010	Coldwater	73190	Frankenmuth	63220	Huron Valley
11240	Berrien Springs	56030	Coleman	10025	Frankfort-Elberta		•
27010	Bessemer	32260	Colfax Twp. (1F)	50100	Fraser	58070	Ida
21065	Big Bay De Noc	11330	Coloma	53030	Free Soil Freeland	44060	Imlay City Inkster
62470	Big Jackson	75040	Colon	73200 62040	Fremont	82080 16050	Inland Lakes
54010	Big Rapids	38040	Columbia	61080	Fruitport	34010	Ionia Lakes
73170	Birch Run	39030	Comstock	29050	Fulton	34360	Ionia Twp. (2)
63010	Birmingham	41080	Comstock Park			22010	Iron Mountain
46040	Blissfield	38080	Concord	39050	Galesburg-Augusta	27020	Ironwood
63080	Bloomfield Hills	75050	Constantine	11160	Galien Twp.	52180	Ishpeming
32250	Bloomfield Twp. (7F)	70120	Coopersville	82050 69020	Garden City	29060	Ithaca
80090	Bloomingdale	78100	Corunna	25070	Gaylord Genesee	38170	Jackson
49020	Bois Blanc Pines	80040	Covert Crawford AuSable	72010	Gerrish-Higgins	58080	Jefferson (Monroe)
15020 15030	Boyne City Boyne Falls	20015 82230	Crawford AuSable Crestwood	82290	Gibraltar	70175	Jenison (Montoe)
63180	Brandon	76080	Croswell-Lexington	21025	Gladstone	69030	Johannesburg-Lewiston
11210	Brandywine		-	26040	Gladwin	30030	Jonesville
29040	Breckenridge	33040	Dansville	45010	Glen Lake		
22030	Breitung Twp.	25140	Davison	03440	Glenn		
	- *	82030	Dearborn	I			

39010	Kalamazoo	61060	Mona Shores	12040	Quincy
51045	Kaleva Norman Dickson	58010	Monroe	21060	Rapid River
40040	Kalkaska	59045	Montabella	I	Rayenna
25110	Kearsley	61180	Montague	61210	
41140	Kelloggsville	25260	Montrose	30070	
41145	Kenowa Hills	49070	Moran Twp.	82110	Redford Union
41150	Kent City	46100	Morenci	67060	Reed City
41160	Kentwood	54040	Morley Stanwood	79110	Reese
28090	Kingsley	78060	Morrice	61220	Reeths-Puffer
79080	Kingston	50160	Mt. Clemens	52110	Republic-Michigamme
,,,,,,	11gs.co.i	25040	Mt. Morris	50180	
07040	L'Anse	37010	Mt. Pleasant	82120	U
50140	L'Anse Creuse	02070	Munising	11033	River Valley
78040	Laingsburg	61010	Muskegon	82400	Riverview
57020	Lake City	61020	Muskegon Heights	63260	Rochester
25200	Lake Fenton	01020	Wuskegon Heights	41210	Rockford
31130	Lake Linden-Hubbell	38130	Napoleon	71080	Rogers City
63230	Lake Orion	52090	Negaunee	50190	Romeo
	** * * *	11200	New Buffalo	82130	Romulus
50120	Lake Shore (Macomb)	50170	New Haven	50030	Roseville
11030	Lakeshore (Berrien)	78070	New Lothrop	63040	Royal Oak
13090	Lakeview (Calhoun)	62070	Newaygo	17110	Rudyard
50130	Lakeview (Macomb)	52015	N.I.C.E. (Ishpeming)	72010	g : G:
59090	Lakeview (Montcalm)	11300	Niles	73010	Saginaw City
25280	Lakeville	30050	North Adams-Jerome	73040	Saginaw Twp.
34090	Lakewood	44090	North Branch	81120	Saline
63280	Lamphere	55115	North Central	46130	Sand Creek
33020	Lansing	22045	North Dickinson	76210	Sandusky
44010	Lapeer	32080	North Huron	34120	Saranac
80130	Lawrence	61230	North Muskegon	03080	Saugatuck
80140	Lawton	45040	Northport	17010	Sault Ste. Marie
45020	Leland	41025	Northview	39160	Schoolcraft
49040	Les Cheneaux	82390	Northville	64080	Shelby
33100	Leslie			37060	Shepherd
81070	Lincoln	38140	Northwest	32610	Sigel Twp. (3)
82090	Lincoln Park	22025	Norway-Vulcan	32620	Sigel Twp. (4)
25250	Linden	75100	Nottawa	32630	Sigel Twp. (6)
30040	Litchfield	63100	Novi	11830	Sodus Twp. (5)
24030	Littlefield	63250	Oak Park	80010	South Haven
82095	Livonia	61065	Oakridge	50200	South Lake
41170	Lowell	33170	Okemos	63240	South Lyon
53040	Ludington	23080	Olivet	82140	South Redford
		71050	Onaway	63060	Southfield
49110	Mackinac Island	23490	Oneida Twp. (3)	82405	Southgate
16070	Mackinaw City	51060	Onekama	41240	Sparta
46090	Madison (Lenawee)	46110	Onsted	70300	Spring Lake
63140	Madison (Oakland)	66050	Ontonagon	38150	Spring Lake Springport
05070	Mancelona	61190	Orchard View	73240	St. Charles
81080	Manchester	35010	Oscoda	49010	
51070	Manistee				St. Ignace
77010	Manistique	03020	Otsego	19140	St. Johns
83060	Manton	19120	Ovid-Elsie	11020	St. Joseph
23065	Maple Valley	32090	Owendale-Gagetown	29100	St. Louis
13095	Mar Lee	78110	Owosso	06050	Standish-Sterling
14050	Marcellus	63110	Oxford	31140	Stanton Twp.
67050	Marion	34040	Palo	55120	Stephenson
76140	Marlette	39130	Parchment	33200	Stockbridge
52170	Marquette	80160	Paw Paw	75010	Sturgis
13110	Marshall	76180	Peck	58100	Summerfield
03060	Martin	24040	Pellston	02080	Superior Central
74100	Marysville	13120	Pennfield	45050	Suttons Bay
33130	Mason (Ingham)	64070	Pentwater	73255	Swan Valley
58090	Mason (Monroe)	78080	Perry	25180	Swartz Creek
	Mason County Central	24070	Petoskey	48040	Tahquamenon
53010		19125	Pewamo-Westphalia	35030	Tawas
53020	Mason County Eastern	17090	Pickford	82150	Taylor
80150	Mattawan	47080		46140	Tecumseh
79090	Mayville		Pinckney		
57030	McBain	09090	Pinconning	13130	Tekonsha
82045	Melvindale-North Allen Park	67055	Pine River	08050	Thornapple Kellogg
74120	Memphis	30060	Pittsford	75080	Three Rivers
75060	Mendon	03010	Plainwell	28010	Traverse City
55100	Menominee	82100	Plymouth-Canton	82155	Trenton
56050	Meridian	63030	Pontiac	59080	Tri County
73230	Merrill	32130	Port Hope	63150	Troy
83070	Mesick	74010	Port Huron	32170	Ubly
38120	Michigan Center	39140	Portage	13135	Union City
21135	Mid Peninsula	34110	Portland	79145	Unionville-Sebewaing
56010	Midland	71060	Posen	50210	Utica
81100	Milan	23090	Potterville	30210	Cucu
79100	Millington	52100	Powell Twp.		
68010	Mio-AuSable				

82430 Van Buren 50220 Van Dyke 69040 Vanderbilt 38020 Vandercook Lake 79150 Vassar Verona Twp. (1F) 32650 59150 Vestaburg 39170 Vicksburg 27070 Wakefield-Marenisco 30080 Waldron 64090 Walkerville Walled Lake 63290 50230 Warren 50240 Warren Woods 63300 Waterford 27080 Watersmeet Twp. 11320 Watervliet 33215 Waverly 03040 Wayland Union 82160 Wayne-Westland 33220 Webberville Wells Twp. 52160 63160 West Bloomfield 65045 West Branch-Rose City 36025 West Iron County 70070 West Ottawa 38010 Western 82240 Westwood Westwood Heights 25210 62090 White Cloud White Pigeon 75070 66070 White Pine 17160 Whitefish 58110 Whiteford 61240 Whitehall 81140 Whitmore Lake 35040 Whittemore Prescott 33230 Williamston 81150 Willow Run 16100 Wolverine 82365 Woodhaven-Brownstown 82170 Wyandotte 41026 Wyoming 74130 Yale 81020 Ypsilanti

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INDEX

Income Tax	<u>Page</u>		<u>Page</u>
Additions to income		Cooperative housing	
Adoption credit	11	Deceased claimant	
Age, exemption	10	Delay paying property tax	
Amending		Disabled, defined (line 5 instructions)	20
Appeals	3	Divorced, credit calculation	
Blind, exemption	10	Due date	17
Canadian provincial tax credit	16	Duplexes	18
Charitable distribution subtraction	15	Farmers	18
Children's Trust Fund	10	Home used for business	18
Children of Veterans Tuition Grant Program	11	Homestead, defined	17
City income tax credit	15	Household income defined	17
College tuition and fees credit		Household income limits	17
Community foundation codes		Income property	18
Community foundations credit		Line-by-line instructions	
Deaf, exemption		Married filing separately	
Deceased taxpayers		Married in 2007	20
Direct deposit of refund		Mobile homes	
Disabled, defined		Moving	
Due date		Nursing homes	
Electronic filing		Part-year residents	
Estimated payments		Property taxes that can be claimed	
Exemptions		Qualifying for a property tax credit	
Extensions		Rent	
Federal schedules needed		Room and board	
Filing requirements		School district code list	
Food bank credit		Senior citizens, defined (line 5 instructions)	
Historic preservation tax credit		Separated, credit calculation	
Homeless shelter credit		Service fee housing	
Homestead property tax credit		Shared housing	
Interest		Subsidized housing	
Line-by-line instructions			
		Tax-exempt housing	19
Mailing label		Forms, Worksheets and Tables	
Michigan Education Covings Decomons			
Michigan Education Savings Program		Forms	
Michigan Education Trust	13, 14		23-26
Michigan Education Trust	13, 14	MI-1040	
Michigan Education Trust	13, 14 10 3, 13	MI-1040 MI-1040CR	35-38
Michigan Education Trust	13, 14 10 3, 13 7, 13, 15	MI-1040 MI-1040CR Schedule 1 & Schedule 2	35-38 31-34
Michigan Education Trust	13, 14 10 3, 13 7, 13, 15 13, 39, 43	MI-1040 MI-1040CR Schedule 1 & Schedule 2 Schedule CT	35-38 31-34 41-42
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation 6, 12, Out-of-state income tax credit	13, 14 10 3, 13 7, 13, 15 13, 39, 43 16	MI-1040	35-38 31-34 41-42 39-40
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation 6, 12, Out-of-state income tax credit Part-year residents, income allocation	13, 14 10 3, 13 7, 13, 15 13, 39, 43 16 6, 39	MI-1040	35-38 31-34 41-42 39-40
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation Out-of-state income tax credit Part-year residents, income allocation Penalty	13, 14 10 3, 13 7, 13, 15 13, 39, 43 16 6, 39 4	MI-1040	35-38 31-34 41-42 39-40 27-30
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation Out-of-state income tax credit Part-year residents, income allocation Penalty Pensions	13, 14 10 3, 13 7, 13, 15 13, 39, 43 16 6, 39 4 3, 13	MI-1040	35-38 31-34 41-42 39-40 27-30
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation Out-of-state income tax credit Part-year residents, income allocation Penalty Pensions Public contribution credit	13, 14 10 3, 13 7, 13, 15 13, 39, 43 16 6, 39 4 3, 13 15	MI-1040	35-38 31-34 41-42 39-40 27-30 lder 22 15
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation Out-of-state income tax credit Part-year residents, income allocation Penalty Pensions Public contribution credit Reciprocal states	13, 14 10 3, 13 15 13, 39, 43 16 6, 39 4 3, 13 15	MI-1040	35-38 31-34 41-42 39-40 27-30 lder 22 15
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation Out-of-state income tax credit Part-year residents, income allocation Penalty Pensions Public contribution credit Reciprocal states Renaissance zone deduction	13, 14 10 3, 13 15 13, 39, 43 16 6, 39 4 3, 13 15 7	MI-1040	35-38 31-34 41-42 27-30 lder 22 15 43
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation Part-year residents, income allocation Penalty Pensions Public contribution credit Reciprocal states Renaissance zone deduction Repayments of income reported in a prior year	13, 14 10 3, 13 15 13, 39, 43 16 6, 39 4 3, 13 15 7	MI-1040 MI-1040CR Schedule 1 & Schedule 2 Schedule CT Schedule NR Schedule W Worksheets Alternate Property Tax Credit for Renters 65 or O City Income Tax Credit Exemption Allowance for Schedule NR Filer Eligible to Be Claimed as a Dependent FIP/DHS Benefits	35-38 31-34 41-42 39-40 27-30 lder 22 15 43 10
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation Part-year residents, income allocation Penalty Pensions Public contribution credit Reciprocal states Renaissance zone deduction Repayments of income reported in a prior year Residency	13, 14 10 3, 13 15 13, 39, 43 16 6, 39 4 3, 13 15 7 7	MI-1040	35-38 31-34 41-42 39-40 27-30 lder 22 15 43 10 22 11
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation	13, 14 	MI-1040	35-38 31-34 41-42 39-40 27-30 lder 22 15 43 10 22 11
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation	13, 14	MI-1040	35-38 31-34 41-42 39-40 27-30 lder 22 15 43 10 22 11
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation Part-year residents, income allocation Pensions Public contribution credit Reciprocal states Renaissance zone deduction Repayments of income reported in a prior year Residency Retirement Rounding numbers School district code list	13, 14	MI-1040 MI-1040CR Schedule 1 & Schedule 2 Schedule CT Schedule NR Schedule W Worksheets Alternate Property Tax Credit for Renters 65 or O City Income Tax Credit Exemption Allowance for Schedule NR Filer Eligible to Be Claimed as a Dependent FIP/DHS Benefits Stillbirth Credit Use Tax Tables Federal Schedules	35-38 31-34 41-42 39-40 27-30 lder 22 15 43 10 22 11
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation Part-year residents, income allocation Penalty Pensions Public contribution credit Reciprocal states Renaissance zone deduction Repayments of income reported in a prior year Residency Retirement Rounding numbers School district code list Special exemptions	13, 14	MI-1040 MI-1040CR Schedule 1 & Schedule 2 Schedule CT Schedule NR Schedule W Worksheets Alternate Property Tax Credit for Renters 65 or O City Income Tax Credit Exemption Allowance for Schedule NR Filer Eligible to Be Claimed as a Dependent FIP/DHS Benefits Stillbirth Credit Use Tax Tables Federal Schedules Percent of Taxes Not Refundable	35-38 31-34 41-42 39-40 27-30 lder 22 15 43 10 22 11 9
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation Part-year residents, income allocation Part-year residents, income allocation Pensions Public contribution credit Reciprocal states Renaissance zone deduction Repayments of income reported in a prior year Residency Retirement Rounding numbers School district code list Special exemptions State campaign fund	13, 14	MI-1040 MI-1040CR Schedule 1 & Schedule 2 Schedule CT Schedule NR Schedule W Worksheets Alternate Property Tax Credit for Renters 65 or O City Income Tax Credit Exemption Allowance for Schedule NR Filer Eligible to Be Claimed as a Dependent FIP/DHS Benefits Stillbirth Credit Use Tax Tables Federal Schedules Percent of Taxes Not Refundable Use Tax	35-38 31-34 41-42 39-40 27-30 lder 22 15 43 10 22 11 9
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation	13, 14	MI-1040 MI-1040CR Schedule 1 & Schedule 2 Schedule CT Schedule NR Schedule W Worksheets Alternate Property Tax Credit for Renters 65 or O City Income Tax Credit Exemption Allowance for Schedule NR Filer Eligible to Be Claimed as a Dependent FIP/DHS Benefits Stillbirth Credit Use Tax Tables Federal Schedules Percent of Taxes Not Refundable	35-38 31-34 41-42 39-40 27-30 lder 22 15 43 10 22 11 9
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation Postate income tax credit Part-year residents, income allocation Penalty Pensions Public contribution credit Reciprocal states Renaissance zone deduction Repayments of income reported in a prior year Residency Retirement Rounding numbers School district code list Special exemptions State campaign fund Stillbirth Credit Subtractions from income	13, 14 10 3, 13 15, 13, 39, 43 16 6, 39 4 3, 13 15 7 3, 14 7 6, 10 13 5 45 10 11 13	MI-1040 MI-1040CR Schedule 1 & Schedule 2 Schedule CT Schedule NR Schedule W Worksheets Alternate Property Tax Credit for Renters 65 or O City Income Tax Credit Exemption Allowance for Schedule NR Filer Eligible to Be Claimed as a Dependent FIP/DHS Benefits Stillbirth Credit Use Tax Tables Federal Schedules Percent of Taxes Not Refundable Use Tax	35-3831-3441-4227-30 lder2715
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation	13, 14	MI-1040 MI-1040CR Schedule 1 & Schedule 2 Schedule NR Schedule W Worksheets Alternate Property Tax Credit for Renters 65 or O City Income Tax Credit Exemption Allowance for Schedule NR Filer Eligible to Be Claimed as a Dependent FIP/DHS Benefits Stillbirth Credit Use Tax Tables Federal Schedules Percent of Taxes Not Refundable Use Tax Miscellaneous	35-3831-3441-4227-30 lder2715
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation	13, 14	MI-1040	35-3831-3441-4227-30 lder221543102211
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation	13, 14 10 3, 13 15, 13, 39, 43 16 6, 39 4 7 3, 14 7 6, 10 13 15 45 10 11 13 15 10 10 11 13	MI-1040	35-3831-3441-4227-30 lder221543102211
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation	13, 14	MI-1040	35-3831-3441-4227-30 lder221543102211
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation Part-year residents, income allocation Penalty Pensions Public contribution credit Reciprocal states Renaissance zone deduction Repayments of income reported in a prior year Residency Retirement Rounding numbers School district code list Special exemptions State campaign fund Stillbirth Credit Subtractions from income Tax credits available Unemployment compensation Vehicle Donation Credit Venture Capital Investment Deduction	13, 14	MI-1040 MI-1040CR Schedule 1 & Schedule 2 Schedule CT Schedule NR Schedule W Worksheets Alternate Property Tax Credit for Renters 65 or O City Income Tax Credit Exemption Allowance for Schedule NR Filer Eligible to Be Claimed as a Dependent FIP/DHS Benefits Stillbirth Credit Use Tax Tables Federal Schedules Percent of Taxes Not Refundable Use Tax Miscellaneous Customer Self Service Tele-Help Service Treasury Offices Unclaimed Property Where to Get Forms	35-3831-3441-4227-30 lder221543102211
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation Part-year residents, income allocation Penalty Pensions Public contribution credit Reciprocal states Renaissance zone deduction Repayments of income reported in a prior year Residency Retirement Rounding numbers School district code list Special exemptions State campaign fund Stillbirth Credit Subtractions from income Tax credits available Unemployment compensation Vehicle Donation Credit Venture Capital Investment Deduction Homestead Property Tax Credit	13, 14	MI-1040 MI-1040CR Schedule 1 & Schedule 2 Schedule NR Schedule W Worksheets Alternate Property Tax Credit for Renters 65 or O City Income Tax Credit Exemption Allowance for Schedule NR Filer Eligible to Be Claimed as a Dependent FIP/DHS Benefits Stillbirth Credit Use Tax Tables Federal Schedules Percent of Taxes Not Refundable Use Tax Miscellaneous Customer Self Service Tele-Help Service Treasury Offices Unclaimed Property Where to Get Forms Other Taxes	35-3831-3441-4239-4027-30 lder2215
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation	13, 14	MI-1040 MI-1040CR Schedule 1 & Schedule 2 Schedule NR Schedule W Worksheets Alternate Property Tax Credit for Renters 65 or O City Income Tax Credit Exemption Allowance for Schedule NR Filer Eligible to Be Claimed as a Dependent FIP/DHS Benefits Stillbirth Credit Use Tax Tables Federal Schedules Percent of Taxes Not Refundable Use Tax Miscellaneous Customer Self Service Tele-Help Service Treasury Offices Unclaimed Property Where to Get Forms Other Taxes Single Business	35-3831-3441-4239-4027-30 lder2215
Michigan Education Trust Military Family Relief Fund Military pay/personnel Net operating losses Nonresidents, income allocation Part-year residents, income allocation Penalty Pensions Public contribution credit Reciprocal states Renaissance zone deduction Repayments of income reported in a prior year Residency Retirement Rounding numbers School district code list Special exemptions State campaign fund Stillbirth Credit Subtractions from income Tax credits available Unemployment compensation Vehicle Donation Credit Venture Capital Investment Deduction Homestead Property Tax Credit	13, 14	MI-1040 MI-1040CR Schedule 1 & Schedule 2 Schedule NR Schedule W Worksheets Alternate Property Tax Credit for Renters 65 or O City Income Tax Credit Exemption Allowance for Schedule NR Filer Eligible to Be Claimed as a Dependent FIP/DHS Benefits Stillbirth Credit Use Tax Tables Federal Schedules Percent of Taxes Not Refundable Use Tax Miscellaneous Customer Self Service Tele-Help Service Treasury Offices Unclaimed Property Where to Get Forms Other Taxes	35-3831-3441-4239-4027-30 lder2215

Review this label. If the information is correct, place the label on the address block of your tax return. **If any information** is incorrect, do not use this label. Write the correct information on the return. If you use a tax preparer, take this booklet to your preparer and ask him or her to use this label. Using this label will help shorten the processing time of your return.

Financial Information for Fiscal Year 2006

This information is intended to give you an overview and broad perspective of the state's financial operations. These figures were derived from the latest *Michigan Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2006.

State Revenues and Financing Sources

State Expenditures and Financing Uses

(Millions of Dollars) (Millions of Dollars)

Financing Source	Amount	<u>%</u>	Financing Use	Amount	<u>%</u>
Sales and Use Taxes	\$8,051.9	28.6%	Education	\$13,526.7	48.1%
Income Tax	6,226.3	22.2%	Health	4,280.2	15.2%
Other Revenue & Taxes	5,688.7	20.2%	Law Enforcement & Public Safety	2,240.0	8.0%
Single Business & Insur. Taxes	2,105.7	7.5%	Transportation	2,153.7	7.6%
Motor Vehicle & Fuel Taxes	2,015.3	7.2%	General Government	1,623.4	5.8%
State Education Tax	2,003.5	7.1%	Human Services	1,283.8	4.6%
Tobacco & Liquor Taxes	1,324.2	4.7%	Revenue Sharing to Local Governments	1,103.6	3.9%
Lottery Profits	699.5	2.5%	Economic Dev. & Environmental Reg.	949.0	3.4%
Total	\$28,115.1	100.0%	Other	954.7	3.4%
			Total	\$28,115.1	100.0%

Treasury Offices

Forms are available at Treasury offices listed below. Treasury office staff do not prepare tax returns.

DETROIT

Cadillac Place, Suite 2-200 3060 W. Grand Blvd.

DIMONDALE*

7285 Parsons Drive (*NOT a mailing address)

ESCANABA

State Office Building, Room 7 305 Ludington St. (open 8 - 12 only)

FLINT

State Office Building, 7th Floor 125 E. Union St.

GRAND RAPIDS

State Office Building, 2nd Floor 350 Ottawa St., NW - Unit 17

STERLING HEIGHTS

41300 Dequindre, Suite 200

TRAVERSE CITY

701 S. Elmwood Ave., 4th Floor (open 8 - 12 only)

Unclaimed Property

The Michigan Department of Treasury is holding millions of dollars in abandoned and unclaimed property belonging to Michigan residents. To check if the Treasury Department is holding funds for you or your family, visit our Web site at www.michigan.gov/unclaimedproperty.

E-file and Leave the Paper Behind!



- Accurate
- Quick Refunds
- Proof of Acceptance
- May Be Free do you qualify?

www.Mlfastfile.org